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McKean County Miner.

HARRY L. BACKUS, Editor and Proprietor. OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY TERMS: $1,25 Per Year.

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ACTIVITY ON THE SHAWMUT

Work is Rushed Between Marvindale and Clermont.

FINE MASONRY IN CONSTRUCTION.

One Fill is 103 Feet, Another 90 Feet. Great Piece of Mechanical Engineering

On Saturday last the writer visited the scene of the P. S. & N. grade, a short distance beyond Palmerville, where all is activity and hustle. Amid the whistling of engines, shouting of bosses and puffing of monster steam shovels one's [illegible] bewildered.

To enumerate the amount of machine[illegible] employed gives but a faint [illegible] at this point [illegible] of the Pittsburg, Shawmut [illegible] Railway. The work [illegible] supervision of the contractors, Messrs. Lathrop, Shea, Henwood & Co., is being pushed with all possible speed with a force of about 300 men divided into day and night shifts. Two [illegible] [illegible] are retained [illegible] this way no time is lost and each [illegible] average 50 cars an hour.

The main "fill" will be 103 feet, of which about 30 feet are filled in at present. Another fill, a short distance beyond, will be 90 feet. The culverts beneath these fills are well worth a trip to this place if one appreciates a good job of mason work. The longest culvert, about 300 feet, has a foundation 8 feet in width of 18 inches solid grout on which the two-foot side walls of the culvert are laid to a height of 7 feet with an arched roof over the whole leaving a space for the accommodation of the stream of 4 by 6 feet. Another of these culverts is now being built for the lesser fill. To build these culverts a large force of stone masons is employed, a stone crusher, cranes and a powerful hoisting engine.

Add to this a corps of surveyors and a force of men blasting stone for abutments for the overhead crossings and one can form some idea of the money being expended to lay a substantial road bed to Clermont. The railroad will cross the wagon road this side of Marvindale and continue on the east side of the mountain to a point a short distance above Palmerville, when it will again cross the wagon road and cross the valley on the gigantic fill now being made and will recross the road within 500 feet of the first crossing, making a loop on the side hill.

It is a feat of engineering that must be seen to be appreciated and many spectators visit the scene daily.

The Smethport Factory Victorious.

One of the most interesting baseball games this was played on the Nelson street grounds between teams representing the Camp and Smethport window glass factories. The game was witnessed by a large crowd and each team had a coterie of faithful rooters to cheer them on to victory. But as is always the case only one team could be victorious and this time it was the "upper" factory team. Score 19 to 10.

Both teams were in good form and tried hard to win. For seven innings it was a hot race, with the chances about even for either team winning. In their half of the eighth inning the "uppers" hit the ball freely and succeeded in rolling up nine scores before they were retired.

The game abounded in fun and many ludicrous situations resulted. The features of the game were numerous and we cannot mention all. But we feel it our duty to give special mention of the nice catch made by "Tudo" Hunter, the genial right fielder for the Camp factory team. The applause he received was deafening. The summary of the game follows:

Score by innings:										R	H	E
Smethport...	2	2	0	1	0	2	2	9	1	19	17	11
Camp.........	2	0	2	2	1	0	2	0	1	10	6	0

Home Run—Ashburn.
Three base hits—McCabe, Andrews.
Two base hits—McCabe, Servatius, Moore, Butts, Andrews, Corwin.
Struck out—by Brown 4, by Harler 12
Batteries: Smethport—Harler and McCabe; Camp—Brown and Wolters.
Umpire—Sam Porter.

I have the agency for the best gas range on the market. In fact it is the only perfect gas range on the market. It is the one "that makes the others look sick." Call and see it before buying anything else and you will have nothing else.

J. C. HAMLIN.

For Sale.

A carriage horse, buggy, cutter, harness, robes, etc., at a bargain. For further particulars inquire at this office.

Subscribe for the MINER.

ANCIENT HISTORY.

Happening in McKean County in Days of Old, Taken from the Files.

Quartermaster General Meigs, in his lively account of the three days' conflict before Chattanooga, mentions the notable fact that in Gen. Hooker's fight on the slopes of Lookout Mountain, "much of the battle was fought above the clouds which concealed him from our view, but from which his musketry was heard." There is on record at least one parallel to this in the campaign of Napoleon in the Carnic Alps in 1797. The battle of the Col de Tarvis, March 23, 1797, was fought above the clouds—the artillery thundering in the very laboratory of storms and arsenal of the electric batteries—while the cavalry charged and performed their evolutions on the ice and the infantry floundered to the attack through snow three feet thick.

Both wings of the National Capitol are [illegible] the country [illegible] wires.

Married, in Smethport on Sunday, December 13, 1863, by D. Ford, Esq., Mr. Albert M. Fitch to Miss Mary E. Forrest, both of Liberty township.

At Prentiss Vale, December 21, 1863, by the Rev. G. T. Dennis, Mr. John L. [illegible] to Miss Hannah E. [illegible] township.

Died, at her residence in [illegible] [illegible]

Mr. Haskell is now doing finely and will in a few months, it is hoped, have the full use of his limb again.

In the township of Liberty there are some five deserters from the United States army, who have baffled every effort thus far that has been made to arrest them. It is said that they are harbored by citizens of that township and that whenever the Assistant Provost Marshal makes his appearance their spies give the alarm and the deserters flee to their dens and caves in the woods. In another town of this county these deserters could not live a single day without being brought to justice, but in Liberty they have their friends who are aiders and abettors in any scheme to trample the laws of the United States. No wonder these fugitives and outcasts, who are hated and despised for their treachery to country, seek refuge in a town that gives 125 Copperhead majority, for like Vallandigham, when sent beyond our lines, they are among their friends. A single effort of the citizens of Liberty might rid the county of these vagabonds. Why will not the effort be made?

First Lieutenant Ernest Wright has received the appointment of recruiting officer for this county. Four hundred and two dollars bounty is paid veterans and $302 new volunteers. At present his headquarters are at Bradford, where we understand he is meeting with good success. Now is the time to get clear of the draft. Volunteer.

Gen. Grant was lately rallied about the persistent and preposterous use by a New York paper of his name for the Presidency. The general replied: "I aspire to only one political office. When this war is over I mean to run for mayor of Galena (his place of residence) and if elected I intend to have the sidewalk fixed up between my house and the depot."

The borough election of February, 1864, resulted as follows: Burgess, Warren Cowles; Asst. Burgess, Joel R. Townsend; Town Council, Henry Hamlin, Ghordis Corwin, N. W. Abbey, R. Sartwell, A. N. Taylor; Judge of Election, S. A. Backus; Inspectors of Election, M. A. Sprague, W. Y. McCoy; Overseers of the Poor, A. B. Armstrong, J. Darling; School Directors, P. Ford, W. W. Brown; Assessor, J. C. Hamlin; Constable, J. G. Young.

Sergeant B. F. Wright of Co. C of the Bucktail regiment, who left home about three weeks since to join his company, writes to a friend in this borough in reference to the re-enlistment of the Bucktails as follows: "A great many of the men are re-enlisting and all are being credited to New Jersey. They get a bounty of $850 or thereabouts and it is paid to them in the field." Pennsylvania will not get much credit from here if she does not begin to offer some bounty." Wouldn't it be well for our citizens to make a note of this item of intelligence?

The largest gun ever made was cast on February 11, 1864, at the gun manufactory of Mr. Knapp in Pittsburg. The casting began at 24 minutes past 12 o'clock and ended at a quarter of 1. It is a grand achievement and has created quite a stir in military and scientific circles.

The Richmond Dispatch has the following advertisement: Owing to the heavy advance in the price of feed we are compelled to charge the following rates for boarding horses on and after Feb. 1, 1864: Board per month, $225; per day, $10; single feed, $4.

Death of Mrs. Margaret Matteson.

Mrs. Margaret Matteson, wife of Albert Matteson, died at her home, about a mile above Crosby, on September 19, 1902. It is supposed that Mrs. Matteson had no warning of the approach of death which occurred at five o'clock in the morning. She had been subject to attacks of faintness and unconsciousness at some previous times, occasioned by heart trouble. Undoubtedly this was the cause of her death. In the early morning time her breathing in a peculiar manner attracted the attention of her daughter and in [illegible] minutes [illegible] she had passed out of this state of existence. Mrs. Matteson was one who had earned many warm friends. She was a good woman anywhere and everywhere in [illegible] [illegible] in many forms [illegible] of others. Nursing and comforting the sick was a pleasure to her and many are the homes where she administered to the wants of some sufferer, with her only words of love and respect for the departed one. She was truly one of nature's noble women who put a willing hand to the work that fell to her lot in life and took up the burdens cheerfully. Mr. and Mrs. Matteson had lived in a number of communities and always had the love and respect of [illegible] [illegible]

Mrs. Matteson was [illegible] Thompson of [illegible] [illegible] years of age. Mr. [illegible] Knapp's creek. In the year 1857 Margaret Thompson and [illegible] were married. Two children were born in this home, which was later left without the husband and father for death had entered there. In the year 1872 Mrs. Margaret Yardley was married to Albert Matteson. Their married life had in it much love and respect for one another, and now Mr. Matteson mourns the loss of his wife and the children feel deeply the loss of a kind mother. The children of the deceased are all living. They are, William Alfonso Yardley of Galeton, Pa.; Mrs. Eva Yardley Wilson of Fort Worth, Texas; George Matteson of Johnsonburg, Pa.; Myrtle, May and Albert Matteson who are at home.

A large number of relatives and friends gathered together Sunday at 2 p. m. to pay the last respects to the deceased. Funeral services were held in the church at Colegrove and the remains deposited in the cemetery there. Rev. Markham preached the funeral sermon. The choir of Crosby, led by Mr. Wm. Mosler, gave the music. Mrs. Matteson was a social member of the L. O. T. M. of Crosby and the services at the house were conducted by the ladies of that order. They also attended the church service in a body.

The relatives extend thanks to those ladies and also to the choir and others who assisted in these last sad funeral rites.

Resolutions of Respect.

Adopted by Ormsby Tent, No. 276, as follows:

Whereas, it has pleased the Supreme Commander of the universe, in His all wise providence, to remove from our ranks our beloved and honored Sir Knight, James Donahue, to the supreme tent above, where there is no more death therefore be it

Resolved, that the charter of Ormsby Tent, No. 276, be draped in mourning for a period of sixty days. And be it further

Resolved, that while we mourn the loss of our brother and his presence will be missed at our reviews, we wish to cherish the memory of his friendship and social relations, and also rejoice in the hope that he now rests in the supreme tent above, and as a slight token of the loss that we, as well as the loved ones left behind, have sustained, we herewith tender our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family of the deceased brother and commend them for sympathy to Him who watches over the widow and the orphan and "doeth all things well." And be it further

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of our late brother and also engrossed upon the minutes of this Tent and a copy be published in the McKEAN COUNTY MINER and the McKean Democrat.

R. S. RUPERT,
WM. A. HODGKINS,
WM. B. LOVELAND,
Committee.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The drug firm of L. K. Hogarth & Co is dissolved from this date, Mr. S. Powell retiring, having sold his interest to Mr. L. K. Hogarth, who will continue the business under his own name. All accounts due the firm will be payable to L. K. Hogarth and must be paid within 30 days. All accounts owed by the firm are assumed by Mr. Hogarth and will be paid by him.

The gas range "that makes the others look sick" is the one I handle. It is the leader of them all. Call and see it.

J. C. HAMLIN.

Stransky Steel Ware wears long. Holmes & Gilfillan.

BAND DANCE BIG SUCCESS.

The Dance and Supper was Largely Attended Thursday Night.

OVER TWO HUNDRED AT SUPPER.

The Band Realized Upwards of $130 Good Music Furnished Amusement for Everybody.

The festival and dance given by the Smethport band last Thursday evening was a decided success, both socially and financially. [illegible] were upwards of [illegible] [illegible] The people responded nobly to the band's appeal and the result is that in a few days the boys will be handsomely uni[formed]. Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon the ladies who put forth their utmost efforts to accomplish this desirable result.

Promptly at six o'clock the doors of the dining room at the [illegible] house were thrown open and the guests began to seat themselves before one of the finest spreads of the [illegible] Smethport. [illegible] [illegible]

Loyal to tradition [illegible] dancers took possession of the floor of the main hall and until nearly three o'clock in the morning revelled in the intricate mazes of the art terpsichorean, to the music of the band. The only regret of the occasion was that, exhausted by his artistic manipulation of the trombone, Prof. T. Panama Partle was unable to accompany his friend, Signor J. Liberatti Swan, in their famous specialty of terpsichorean gyrations. Otherwise the dance was also a splendid success.

The members of the band wish to heartily thank all those who so liberally patronized their festival and to those who so generously donated and worked so hard and faithfully to make the affair the financial success it proved they can only say that hollow thanks sound too artificial to express their gratitude and earnestly hope the occasion may soon arise when they can in a measure reciprocate.

Fire at Rew City.

The Singer House at Rew City owned by W. F. Parks, was destroyed by fire this morning about 6 o'clock. His loss is estimated at $2,[illegible]. The fire was discovered at [illegible] o'clock by Mr. Parks, who hastened up stairs to warn the lodgers of their danger. The occupants of the house included Prof. Elliott, Prof. Smith, teachers in the school, Mr. Van Norman, a ganger who lives in Bradford, and several others, whose names were not learned. The men did not have time to fully dress nor to save many of their effects. They were obliged to make their escape from the burning building by crawling out over the porch roof and letting themselves down to the ground. Mr. Parks was unable to get down the stairway after he had ascended it to arouse the sleeping boarders and also left the building by way of the roof. For one hour the building burned and nothing was saved as the flames had gained such a headway when they were discovered that it was impossible to check them. Mr. Parks was about to sell the building and its contents for $2,300, and the exchange of the property would have been consummated to-day. The building was erected 17 years ago.—Bradford Star, Saturday.

Death of Reuben Hooker.

Reuben Hooker died at the Warren hospital for the insane on Saturday, Sept. 20, after a brief illness, aged about 56 years.

The deceased was a veteran of the war of the rebellion and an honored member of McKean Post, No. 347, G. A. R. He had been a resident of Keating township for a great many years and was well liked by all who knew him. Some time ago his mind became deranged and he was taken to the Warren hospital for treatment, where he remained until death relieved his sufferings.

The deceased is survived by a wife, four daughters and two sons who will deeply mourn their loss.

The remains were brought to his former home on Cole Creek on Monday and the funeral services held at Union church in Farmers Valley on Tuesday, under the auspices of McKean Post, Rev. Calvin of Smethport officiating. The burial took place at Smith cemetery.

Try our No. 4 Water Heater. The best. Holmes & Gilfillan.

Binding twine, 12 cents per pound.
E. W. JONES, Smethport, Pa.

MARCHING CLUB FORMED.

Employes of Caldwell & Co.'s Ironworks Organize in the Interest of S. R. Dresser.

S. R. Dresser's storage building on Patent place was crowded with enthusiastic voters last night, says the Bradford Era of yesterday, the occasion of the assemblage being the organization of the Independent S. R. Dresser Marching Club, composed of employes of Caldwell & Co. Two hundred and thirty names were on the roster and that number, together with many others, attended the meeting. The temporary headquarters had been made into a very acceptable meeting place. Mr. Anthony Knapp, who had been active in forming the club, was present and in appropriate remarks stated the object of the assemblage. He was elected chairman of the meeting and president of the club. M. G. Rauh was chosen secretary and L. Berlinger was elected as captain of the organization. Mr. Rauh was called upon and aptly addressed the meeting on the Congressional feature of the coming election and in the course of his remarks stated that a recent visit to other counties of the district had convinced him that Mr. Dresser was a winning candidate beyond any doubt. He congratulated the employes of the Caldwell & Co. plant on [illegible] [illegible]

Mr. S. R. Dresser, who had been out of the city, arrived at this juncture and briefly greeted the members of the organization [illegible] [illegible] It was received with great enthusiasm.

Hon. H. H. North was the next speaker. He congratulated the members of the Independent Dresser Marching Club upon their good judgment in thus supporting the candidacy of the worthy citizen of Bradford who has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of this district. It is time, he said, that a McKean county man were chosen for the office, as since 1864 but one man from this county had been selected as representative in Congress. He eulogized Mr. Dresser as an ideal citizen, who aimed to better the conditions of the people and who would ably look after the welfare of the community when elected to Congress, which election Mr. North did not for a moment doubt. The speaker complimented the men on the fact that partisanship had not prevented them from joining in the support of the Republican candidate. He had learned that many of the members were not of that party and it evidenced their good judgment at this time to do as they had done. Conditions as they now prevail speak well for the party in power and to perpetuate such conditions is the chief desideratum, or should be, with all classes of citizens. Mr. North spoke at some length and his remarks were frequently applauded.

Mr. R. P. Habgood, editor of the Bradford Evening Star, was next called upon and his address, though brief, was an able effort. He eulogized the Republican candidate for Congress and expressed the conviction that the members of the club had made no mistake in taking a firm position in advocacy of his election. He would like to see Mr. Dresser's election accomplished by an unanimous vote or nearly so, and judging by the present non-partisan movement in behalf of the candidate, the prospects were decidedly encouraging. He believed that there should be such meetings and many of them. Enthusiasm such as was evinced at the present gathering resulted in augmented interest and consequent advantage. Mr. Habgood "brought down the house" with a funny story and was warmly applauded.

D. A. Dennison briefly addressed the meeting and the Club Trio, Messrs. F. J. Newitt, G. H. Francis and W. A. Spillman, entertained the assemblage with two splendid vocal selections. The singing elicited enthusiastic applause as did the speaking and the club's initial meeting was a complete success. The organization will meet every Tuesday evening until the close of the campaign.

A committee composed of G. P. Booth, E. R. Caldwell, J. M. Housel, Charles Lindberg and J. W. Kohnen was appointed to procure uniforms for the marchers.

Sunday Excursions.

Commencing June 1st the B., B. & K. Ry. will sell round trip tickets on Sundays, good on day of date only, from Smethport to Bradford at 75¢, and to Ormsby at 25¢. Train leaves Smethport at 8 a. m., connecting at Bradford with trolley line to Rock City, and with Erie R. R. for Chautauqua Lake. Returning, train leaves Bradford at 6:15 p. m., giving passengers three hours and thirty minutes at Chautauqua Lake.

A Taylor Grate is "a thing of beauty and a joy forever," besides being a gas saver. Would be pleased to refer you to any one of our many customers who have used them in place of Gas Logs and old fashioned fire places.

JOHN C. HAMLIN.

Abe J. Martin of the firm of Martin & Johnson, Jamestown, N. Y., will be at the Grand Central Hotel, Smethport, on Monday, Sept. 29th, for two or three days, with a full line of goods for ladies and gents.

WILLARD C. GRIFFITH.

Editor of the Austin Republican Died Suddenly on Saturday.

On Saturday last at Austin occurred the death of Willard C. Griffith, who has for three years edited the Austin Republican. Mr. Griffith was to all appearances in good health up to Saturday morning, when Dr. Sullivan was called to [illegible] and found nothing of a seemingly serious nature. The doctor administered to his wants and at his request ordered his dinner [illegible] from his boarding place. When the porter from the hotel [illegible] the room he was terror stricken to find Mr. Griffith gasping for breath. [illegible] was summoned at once, but death had claimed its own. His death is [illegible] sad from the fact that but a few months ago his wife was called to her eternal home and one child preceded the mother by but a few short weeks. The remains were taken to Addison, N. Y., on Monday, where his parents reside. He leaves besides his father and mother three children to mourn the loss of a kind and indulgent father. Mr. Griffith was recognized in the [illegible] as a newspaper man of ability, a bright writer and an all around good fellow who will be greatly missed from [illegible] walks in life. The Argus extends sympathy to the aged parents [illegible] Port Allegany Argus.

An Important Industry.

Although it does not appear to be generally known we are informed that the [illegible] wagon manufactory [illegible] in the county [illegible] of Messrs. Holmes & Gilfillan. This enterprising and hustling firm has just finished building two magnificent lion cages for John H. Sparks' circus. These handsome wagons were made entirely at the firm's manufactory on Mechanic street and are a credit to their builders and to the town.

To show the citizens of this borough what they could do Messrs. Holmes & Gilfillan on Monday evening gave a grand, glittering and gorgeous street pageant. The head of the firm with the clerical force in a carriage headed the parade, followed by the Smethport band in S. S. Fry's dray wagon, in lieu of a [illegible] [illegible] John Servatius blowing harmonious notes on a trombone while his eyes proudly rested on the beautiful specimens of his handicraft rolling behind. Then came cage No. 1, driven by Garth Rodney, containing a ferocious member of the family equine, ferociously loaded by C. J. Vanblad, the artistic ironworker of the establishment. Cage No. 2 was driven by the junior member of the firm and was occupied by a splendid specimen of the canis index. The parade was witnessed by an admiring multitude of applauding spectators who had nothing but words of praise to bestow upon the appearance of the cages. We understand that Messrs. Holmes & Gilfillan have [illegible] contract for [illegible] wagons for this circus.

Peculiar Accident.

While sitting in front of the cooking stove in the kitchen of [illegible] home Thursday at about 7:30 a. m., talking with his brother, Lewis, Joseph N. Staub of this place placed a handful of papers in the front of the stove which took fire, whereupon a slight explosion occurred, causing both men to shift their positions, says the Mt. Jewett Herald. For a moment it was thought that a revolver cartridge had in some manner found its way among the papers and little attention was given the matter until it was noticed that Mr. Staub was bleeding profusely from a wound in the neck. The injured man at once pinched the severed parts together and bandages were applied which for a few moments appeared to stop the flow of blood, a physician was hastily summoned, when it was discovered that the wound [illegible] a very serious nature.

Dr. Evan O'N. Kane of Kane, who chanced to be in Mt. Jewett, at once took charge of the case, and with the assistance of local physicians proceeded to make an examination, which disclosed that the internal carotid artery had been punctured by a piece of brass from the shell of a shot gun. The severed portion of the artery was taken up, but at this writing—Friday morning—Mr. Staub lies in a very critical condition, with the chances against his recovery.

For Sale, Buggies and Carriages.

One nice rubber tire runabout.
One road wagon with or without top.
One spindle body runabout with top.
Three piano body buggies with top.
One two-seat, three spring canopy top wagon.
Five second hand top buggies.
One second hand surrey canopy top.
One second hand extension top.
We offer these goods or any of them at reasonable prices. If you are in the market for anything on wheels come and see us PALMER & DODGE,
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 25, 1902.
39-2t.

A Taylor Grate is "a thing of beauty and joy forever," besides being a gas saver. Would be pleased to refer you to any one of our many customers who have used them in place of Gas Logs and old fashioned fire places.

JOHN C. HAMLIN.

PENNYPACKER'S SPEECH

What the Republican Leader in His Centre Hall Speech.

FEW HINTS TO EX-GOV. PATTISON

The Policies of the Republican Party In State and Nation Outlined—Some Facts For the "Man With the Hoe." Great Crowds Listen.

Following is the speech in full of Judge Pennypacker, delivered at Centre Hall, on the opening of the present campaign.

"Some time ago I was the president judge of one of the courts of common pleas in Philadelphia, but that situation has disappeared, and now I have no other vocation in life than that of a farmer.

"As the owner of a farm in Montgomery county and of another in Chester county, to that extent at least I may claim to have a community of interest with you and a place in this large assemblage.

"I also appear before you as the candidate of the Republican party for the office of governor of this grand and exceptionally great commonwealth, and I know of no class in the community who are more vitally interested in the maintenance and furtherance of those principles and the support of that party which has brought about the present prosperous condition of affairs than the owner of and worker upon the farm.

[illegible]

DEMOCRATIC DEBT [illegible]

[illegible]

"[illegible] years in which the [illegible] been [illegible] a year, until at the present time it practically no longer exists. The taxation [illegible] lands and herds [illegible] of the state have been [illegible], and the revenues necessary for the annual expenditures have been imposed upon the corporations. There are in the treasury over $[illegible].

PATTISON SHOULD ANSWER.

"The distinguished gentleman who leads the opposition said in his speech at Reading the other day that taxation is unequal and that a greater proportion of the burden ought to be laid upon personal property. If he means by that suggestion that a greater burden ought to be imposed upon horses and cattle, corn and wheat, it would be a return to the old order of things, and a [illegible]. If he means that a greater burden ought to be imposed upon the earnings of corporations, it is certain that the principle was discovered and applied not by the Democratic but by the Republican party.

"The reason for the taxation of land is historical rather than logical. If you were to read the Commentaries of Coke upon Littleton you would find that the whole law at that time was devoted to questions arising out of the ownership of real estate. At the time of the settlement of Pennsylvania there were no other investments than those in land, and even in the days of our grandfathers an increase in individual wealth meant an accumulation of one farm after another and perchance a mill.

The leaders of the Republican party were the first to get away from the traditions of the past and practically to perceive that the conditions of life had changed. The principle adopted by them ought gradually and wisely to be extended further, so that the expenditures necessary for the maintainance of roads, county improvements and county expenses should be provided for not by relieving one class and imposing the burden upon another, but by a system under which all property, corporate as well as individual, should contribute according to its value.

PERIODS OF DEPRESSION.

"The history of the world shows that every once in a while occurs a period when such a spirit of unrest seizes upon the people that they have been willing to abandon their homes and their lands in quest of other and better fortunes. Time and again there have been great depreciation of the value of lands in England and in all other countries. Somewhat similar causes produced in earlier ages the inpouring of races into Europe, the emigration to and settlement of this country and the flow of people from New England to the far West. About 1790 land fell very much in value and there were during the next few years extensive emigrations from Pennsylvania to Canada, to the Genesee county in New York, and to the Shenandoah Valley and Kentucky. During the last twenty-five years we have been going through a period in which the conditions were such that in the East at least the value of farm lands was decreasing, the amount of farm mortgages were accumulating, and the farmers were unrewarded for their toil, unhappy and discontented.

"The general cause of this condition of things is easily to be seen. The opening of numerous railroads throughout the country affording facilities for the transportation of grain from the interior to the seaboard, has brought the Eastern farmer with his high priced lands into competition with the West, where a rich soil hitherto unused, and, therefore, productive without fertilizers, could be secured for a nominal consideration. It was a temporary condition, and it is rapidly passing away.

The governmental and railroad lands of the West are occupied, with each year they become less productive, and great centers of population like Chicago, St. Louis and Denver are calling upon the territories surrounding them for food.

THE MAN WITH THE HOE.

"When the world catches up with its supply of wheat and the time is sure to come, and is not far distant, the man with the hoe, or if you choose with the plow and reaper and binder, will have his grip on the situation.

"The great revival of business which began with the return of Mr. Cleveland to private life, which has given the manufacturer work and his employes constant and well paid labor, is now beginning to affect the farmer. Every [illegible] already [illegible] wave. Within the last two years cattle, horses and cattle have [illegible] in value, and it is inevitable that with the increase of the value of farm produce, unless we do something to interfere with existing conditions, there must be an advance in the value of farm lands.

"Like every one else the farmer reaps a benefit from the general prosperity, but he has [illegible] reason for being interested in the success of the Republican cause.

THE REPUBLICAN POLICY.

"It has ever been the policy of the Republican party to [illegible] maintain the manufactures of the country, [illegible] and even [illegible] only a [illegible] in this country, are [illegible] the homes of the [illegible] and their families. [illegible] than in the country [illegible] and all are consumers of beef, corn, wheat and potatoes. All must live upon what the farmer has to sell them. That policy is now being even more [illegible] success which has followed upon it has developed strength and courage upon the part of our manufacturers and merchants, and they are reaching out in all directions for the trade of the world. Everywhere the American products are being introduced, and not only the wealth which is created at home, but that of farther India is being poured into our lap.

A PICTURE OF THE FUTURE.

"It means, unless we are unwise enough to interrupt and interfere with the tide which is carrying us forward, that this is in the near future to be a country of immense wealth, teeming with happy and prosperous people. The great centres of population which have arisen along the Thames and Seine will be dwarfed in comparison with those which will be found along the Hudson and the Delaware. The development we have seen within the last few years around Pittsburg and on the Pennsylvania Railroad outside of Philadelphia, where farm lands have risen in a brief period from a hundred to thousands of dollars per acre in value, is but a manifestation of what is sure to happen in many other localities, unless we ourselves by unwisdom prevent it.

"The Democrats themselves participate in the welfare which everywhere exists, and are enjoying the benefits which have resulted from the administrations of McKinley and Rousevelt. It is doubtful whether they, unless it be the few who are only anxious about the offices, really want a change, and if they do, they ought in all kindness to be protected from the consequences of their want of good judgment. For the Republicans of Pennsylvania to fail would be in the present, as it has been in the past, the first step in a career of disaster which would inflict immeasurable injury upon the whole American people, Republicans and Democrats alike."

An Autograph Request.

Embassadors receive many queer requests in the course of their official duties. Here is one that was sent to Mr. White by a western woman, who inclosed pieces of linen, when he was minister to Germany many years ago: "We are going to give a fair in our church, and I am making an autograph quilt. I want you to get me the autographs of the emperor and empress, the crown prince and Bismarck, and tell them to be very careful not to write too near the edge of the squares, as a seam has to be allowed for putting them together."

Switzerland exports regularly to other countries seventeen different kinds of cheese.

UNCLE SAM'S FREAK MONEY

Bills That Are Twenty Dollars on One Side and Ten on the Reverse.

Scattered throughout the country are a few pieces of paper money that are known as "freak bills" by the officials of the treasury department. One of them turned up in this city not long ago. It had the imprint of a twenty dollar note on one side and a ten on the other. As the face showed the twenty, that was its legal value.

The deputy assistant treasurer of the United States, who is stationed in the New York subtreasury, was speaking of these freaks the other day and said he had only seen one of them in his life, although he had heard of several. Very rarely they have slipped through the bureau of engraving and printing despite a careful scrutiny by three or four sets of inspectors. In most cases they have been national bank notes, which, like certain treasury notes, are printed at the bureau in Washington. The face value always is recognized when the notes come to be cashed in at any branch of the treasury, and the [illegible] on the back has [illegible].

"[illegible] are printed in sheets at the bureau [illegible]. Usually [illegible] twenty and two tens on a sheet. They are printed one side at a time, so it can be seen that the printer in turning over the sheet might get it upside down and thus put a ten dollar back on the twenty dollar note, or twenty on the back of one of the tens."

In the bureau are women who are supposed to examine all the bills carefully, but occasionally they neglect to look at both sides as scrutinizingly as they should, and so the money goes out into circulation. When errors are discovered, the misprinted sheet is [illegible] to be destroyed. [illegible]

[illegible] values as indicated on the face.—New York Times.

HENRY CLAY AS AN ACTOR.

How the Great [illegible] Won a Hopeless Case.

"An old and well [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] would [illegible]. It looked [illegible]

"[illegible] Clay [illegible] the great surprise of all, he accepted.

"Then came a trial the like of which I have never seen. Clay slowly carried on the case, and it looked more and more hopeless. The only ground of defense the prisoner had was that the murdered man had looked at him with such a fierce, murderous look that out of self defense he had struck first. A ripple passed through the jury at this evidence.

"The time came for Clay to make his defense. It was settled in the minds of the spectators that the man was guilty of murder in the first degree. Clay calmly proceeded, laid all the proof before them in his masterly way, then, just as he was about to conclude, he played his last and master card.

"'Gentlemen of the jury,' he said, assuming the fiercest, blackest look and carrying the most undying hatred in it that I have ever seen, 'gentlemen, if a man should look at you like this what would you do?'

"That was all he said, but that was enough. The jury was startled, and some even quailed on their seats. The judge moved uneasily on his bench. After fifteen minutes the jury filed slowly back with a 'Not guilty, your honor.' The victory was complete.

"When Clay was congratulated on his easy victory, he said:

"'It was not so easy as you think. I spent days and days in my room before the mirror practicing that look. It took more hard work to give that look than to investigate the most obtuse case.'"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

An Ancient Bible.

In the Cottonian library in England is an old manuscript copy of a part of the Bible in Latin. The London Chronicle says it was used at the coronations of English sovereigns 300 years before the "stone of destiny" was brought from Scone to Westminster by Edward I.

If this be true, the use of this Bible for the purpose dates back to the year 1000. It is a quarto of 217 leaves, containing the four gospels, and seems from the style of the writing and illuminations, which are very beautiful, to have been made about the end of the ninth century.

It narrowly escaped destruction in the fire at Ashburnham House in 1731, of which it bears evidence in its crumpled leaves and singed margins. There is some evidence that the son of Edward the Elder, Athelstan the Glorious, who was king of the West Saxons from 925 to 940, owned this Bible and gave it to the church of Dover.

A ladybird can travel 20,000,000,000 times its own length in an hour. In that time a moth can only travel fifty times its own length.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF FIERI Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, Alias Fieri Facias, Plures Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose at public sale in the Court House, in the borough of Smethport, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1902,

at 1 p. m., the following several pieces of property:

2

Defendant's interest in all that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and in the county of McKean, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at the northwest corner of land of D. Peabody (lot No. 187) north sixty-three rods to a Lynn corner; east ninety-six rods to a post; north two five-tenths rods to a post; east two hundred rods to a post; south eighty rods to a beech in the north line of land of Conover & Labaugh (lot 139); west two hundred rods to a post; north fourteen five-tenths rods to a beech; west ninety-six rods to the beginning. Containing one hundred and thirty-seven eight-tenths acres strict measure, be the same more or less, being lots Nos. 138 and 140 of the allotment of land in Ceres township and part of warrants Nos. 2210, 3446, and being the same land conveyed to Nimrod Laughere by William V. Keating et al. by deed dated December 14th, 1885, and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in Deed Book Vol. "N" at page 179, &c.

Excepting and reserving from the above, however: All that certain lot, piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Ceres, county of McKean and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point in the middle of the channel of Bell's Run thirty and four-tenths [illegible] rods south of the north line of the HOME FARM of the party of the first part; thence west forty-four [illegible] rods to a post in the east line of the public road; thence by line of said road north fifteen [illegible] degrees west thirty-two (32) rods to a post in the north line of the said Farm of the party of the first part; thence by said line east one hundred seven and one-tenth [illegible] rods to a post the northeast corner of the said lot; thence by east line of the same south sixty-five and three-tenths [illegible] rods to a stone corner; thence west thirty [illegible] and six-tenths [illegible] rods to a point in the middle of the channel of Bell's Run; thence down the middle of said stream by the several courses and distances thereof to the place of beginning. Containing thirty [illegible] acres strict measure, be the same [illegible] being the same land to [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] the property of [illegible] at the suit of [illegible] plaintiff's attorney.

[illegible]

[illegible] rods to a post to the place of beginning. Containing about [illegible] acres [illegible] survey made by Wm. K. King, Surveyor, Sept. 1882.

SECOND. All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Ceres, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post in the Melton Brook road, standing [illegible] rods east of the east line of Charlotte Hubbard land and being the northeast corner of Henry Grantner's land; thence by said road south 71 degrees east 3.9 rods; thence south 50 degrees east 70 rods to a post; thence south 5 degrees west 182.5 rods to a post; thence north 86 degrees west 25.9 rods to a post; thence north [illegible] degrees east 13 rods to a post; thence north 84 degrees west 24 rods to a post; thence north 5 degrees east [illegible] rods to a post; thence east [illegible] rods to a post; thence north [illegible] degrees east 37.7 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 50 acres and 112 rods according to a survey made by William King in Sept. 1883.

The two above described tracts of land being about one-half improved and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house with back addition, one frame barn, a good orchard and usual outbuildings.

THIRD. All that tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post in the public road standing in the original line between lands of John Fobes and S. D. Morris, and being 1.4 rods east of the east bank of the Allegany River; thence by said road north 2½ degrees east 10.3 rods to a post; thence west 5.2 rods to a post in the east fence of the B., N. Y. & P. Railroad; thence by said fence south 1¼ degrees east 30.5 rods to a post; thence east 32.5 rods to a corner; thence north 20 rods to a post corner; thence west 31 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 42.9 acres strict measure, more or less, according to a survey of said premises made by William King and Son, Surveyors.

About 25 acres being improved and having thereon one frame dwelling house, one frame barn, about fifty fruit trees and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Duncan McRae, C. H. Bishop at the suit of Henry Hamlin use of C. A. Dolley.

C. W. Catlin, plaintiff's attorney.

6

Defendants' interest in all that certain lot of land situate in the borough of Eldred, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning in the east line of F. F. Brown's lot, at the northwest corner of lot conveyed to Minnie E. Duryea by Amelia P. Duryea and husband by deed dated Dec. 24th, 1890, and recorded in McKean county, Deed Book No. 60, page 309; thence north by Brown's east line eight rods to the center of King street; thence east by center of said street 180 feet to the northwest corner of the J. Downs lot; thence south by the Downs west line eight rods to the northeast corner of the lot conveyed to said Minnie E. Duryea by above said deed; thence west by the north line thereof, 180 feet to the place of beginning, containing 63 square perches, more or less. Improved and having thereon one wood frame dwelling house about 22x32 feet and two stories high, with a 10x22 one-story wing attached, and one wood frame barn 20x24 feet, with other usual outbuildings and 25 fruit trees thereon.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of A. J. Duryea, L. H. Duryea, Defendants, and Minnie E. Duryea, Terre Tenant, at the suit of B. G. Spiller now use of E. R. Mayo.

E. R. Mayo & Son, plaintiff's attorneys.

7

Defendants' interest in all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of Davis and Foreman streets; thence easterly along the north line of Foreman street ninety-eight and one-tenth (98 1-10) feet; thence northerly along a line parallel to the east line of Davis street fifty-two (52) feet; thence westerly along a line parallel to the north line of Foreman street four (4) feet; thence south along a line parallel to east line of Davis street two (2) feet; thence westerly along a line parallel to the north line of Foreman street twelve (12) feet; thence southerly along a line parallel to east line of Davis street twenty-five (25) feet; thence westerly along a line parallel to the north line of Foreman street ninety four and one-tenth (94 1-10 feet); thence southerly along the East line of Davis street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning being lot No. [illegible] according to map now on file in the office of the City Engineer. Improved and having thereon one two-story frame building used as a store and dwelling house and one one-story frame cottage.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of C. & C. F. Nels at the suit of City of Bradford.

F. P. Schoonmaker, plaintiff's attorney.

8

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece or lot of ground situate in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of the Fannie A. Merrow lot (11 J) on the south side of Washington street; thence westerly along said south line 55 feet; thence southerly at right angles 100 feet; thence easterly at right angles 55 feet; thence northerly 100 feet to the place of beginning, and being lot No. 11 "K" on map now on file in the City Engineer's office in the City of Bradford, Pa. Improved and having thereon one one-story frame cottage.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Jas. H. Roach with notice to Catharine Roach, Terre Tenant, at the suit of City of Bradford.

F. P. Schoonmaker, plaintiff's attorney.

WILLIAM B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Sept. 17, 1902.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section ten of article one of the Constitution, so that a discharge of a jury for failure to agree or other necessary cause shall not work an acquittal.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following be proposed as an amendment to the Constitution; that is to say, that section ten of article one, which reads as follows:

"No person shall, for any indictable offense, be proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office. No person shall for the same offense be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of law and without just compensation being first made or secured. [illegible]

[illegible]

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

[illegible]

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

THE

NEW YORK WORLD

THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

Almost a Daily at the Price of a Weekly.

The Presidential campaign is over but the world goes on just the same and it is full of news, just as it is promptly and impartially—all that you have to do is to look in the columns of the Thrice-a Week Edition of the New York World which comes to the subscriber 156 times a year.

The Thrice-a-Week World's diligence as a publisher of first news has given it circulation where the English language is spoken—and you want it.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only $1.00 per year. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the MINER together one year for $1.65.

The regular subscription price of the World is one dollar.

ACME MILL,

GREEN BROS., Props.

MY STOCK IS FRESH AND CONSISTS OF:

Flour, Feed, Meal, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Hay, Straw, Bran, Middlings, Hominy, Linseed Meal, Etc.

Goods Sold for Cash only and Delivered Promptly.

Water & Hill Sts. Smethport.

NEWS STAND

One Door East of Hotel Imperial

GASKINS & GRANT, Props.

ALL THE LEADING Newspapers.

Tobaccos & Cigars.

We have just added a choice line of Weaver Bros. candies.

Latest Styles in Millinery

Carrie Reilly Clark & Co's, REILLY BLOCK, SMETHPORT.

Do not fail to call and inspect our complete line of Spring & Summer Millinery at your earliest convenience. All the latest and most becoming styles and shapes are here.

Rooney's is the Place to buy a nice, sweet piece of Fresh, Salt or Smoked MEAT whether it be a full quarter or a small steak. And for Fruit and Vegetables I am always headquarters.

J. F. ROONEY, Smethport, Pa.

Just Received!

The Finest and most complet line of Picture Mouldings ever brought to Smethport. Before you purchase a frame call and see the elegant assortment at my studio.

"IKE" GLEASON, The Photographer Smethport, Pa

Leonard Koenig,

located near the creamery, is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING AND DECORATING.

UPHOLSTERING

Always done neatly and promptly. Latest styles of coverings on hand.

Smethport, Penna.

E. W. JONES,

Successor to F. H. Nourse.

LIVERY & FEED STABLE

Bennett House Barn

First Class Rigs at Reasonable Prices.

Directly Opposite Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

For a FINE, HOT OYSTER STEW Step into the Novelty Restaurant.

New York Counts, Clams, Sigars and Fine Confectioneries Always on Hand.

THOMAS YOUNG, PROP'R.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING

IN ALL BRANCHES PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY AN EXPERIENCED FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

SPECHT & SASSE

SMETHPORT, PA.

Palmer & Dodge,

LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES.

FOR SALE,

Horses, Carriages, Wagons, Harness, Etc. Cutters and Robes.

Smethport - Penn.

March 1, 1900.

LIEBIG'S

PEPTONIZED EXTRACT OF MALT.

A Pleasant and Valuable Tonic.

Barley and Hops.



Just what you want for Lost Appetite.

Builds up the System.

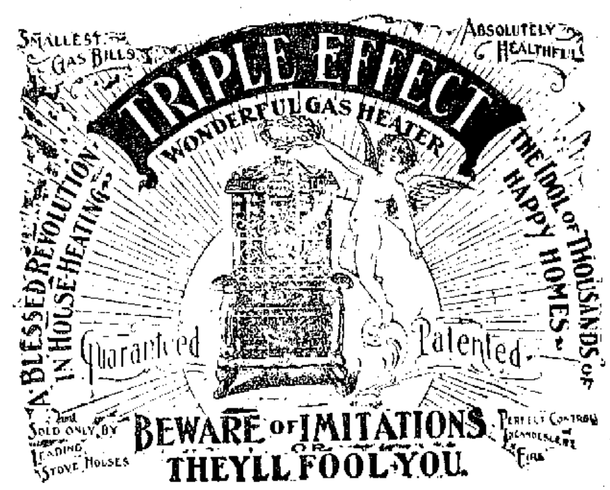
Perfectly Pure and Extremely Agreeable.

None better for invalids.

20 Cents per Bottle or $2.00 per Dozen.

J. W. Voorhees

Palace Pharmacy SMETHPORT, PA.



There are 60 Gas Ranges and Heaters on our floor including the following well known makes: Triple Effect, American Beauty, Fortune, Monarch, Jewett, Jewel, Lawrence, Taylor Burner, Highland, New Process, Ideal, Real Economy and Direct Action, at prices ranging from $1.50 to $50.

It might pay you to call.

J. C. Hamlin.

McKean County Miner

Entered at the postoffice at Smethport as second class mail matter.

Smethport, Thursday, Sept. 25, 1902.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

—Football Saturday.

—Read the new ad of Shepard & Gallup in another column.

Attend the temperance meeting in front of the court house this evening.

—J. Colegrove has a change of ad this week which is worthy your attention.

—Work is progressing rapidly on Albert Hackett's new house on East street.

—Do not fail to witness the football contest at Sartwell field Saturday afternoon.

—M. D. Shoake is building a two-story addition on his house on Bank street.

—Holmes & Gilfillan have remodeled the skylight of their hardware store on Mechanic street.

—L. K. Hogarth has a new drug ad in this issue. Read it before purchasing anything in his line.

—Woolen blankets is the principal topic in the advertisement of F. G. Lindholm & Co. this week.

—Fry & Horzog advertise furs in their space this week, of which they purchased a large line before the recent advance in prices.

—The Roulette Gas Co., that has been furnishing free gas to patrons in Austin for some time, have now placed the rate at 15 cents per thousand.

—An advertisement in a recent issue of an eastern daily read: "A respectable widow wants washing." The Middleport Herald asks: "Who will volunteer?"

—Harry and Lisle Barnes, brothers, and Earl Barnes, a cousin, who were convicted of burglary at Coudersport last week, were sentenced Saturday. The former got five years and the two latter four years.

—Dr. W. A. Ostrander of Smethport was a pleasant caller on ye editor Tuesday. We shall never forget Ostrander, —he helped initiate us into the college fraternity at Buffalo several years ago.—Potter Democrat.

—Mrs. Patrick Gardner of Bradford and Washington P. Crosser of Morgan county, O., sister and brother, met in Bradford last Friday for the first time in 45 years. For many years each had thought the other was dead.

—"That settles it," said an old farmer who was just on the point of renting his farm and moving into town, when he was told that a rural mail route was to be laid past his door. "I'll build a tenant house, keep my old home, have my daily paper and die where I have worked for forty years."—Ex.

—At Olean next Friday evening there will be a meeting of bowlers, representing Bradford and Olean, at which time a league will be formed. Bradford will have two teams, the Centrals and the City club and Olean will also have two. Smethport and Salamanca may be taken into the league later.—Bradford Sunday News.

At Birmingham, Ala., last Friday night 110 negroes were killed in a stampede to get out of a church where 5,000 were gathered to hear Booker T. Washington. Just as Mr. Washington had finished speaking an altercation started between two negroes and the cry of "fight" was mistaken for "fire," and this caused the stampede.

—A head-on collision between Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg and Pittsburg & Western passenger trains on the P. & W. R. R. at Wirtner station last Friday caused the death of six railroad men and a number of passengers on both trains were slightly injured. The dead are: George Clugerty, brakeman; William Benedict, engineer; Thos. E. Dugan, fireman; Fay De Moss, a boiler maker who was riding on the P. & W. engine; William Graham, fireman, and H. S. Chambers, engineer.

—The Bradford Star says of Miss Rena G. Mosler, in its report of the county convention of the W. C. T. U. held at Rixford last week: "Miss Rena Mosler, national lecturer, gave a fine address both evenings to audiences which crowded the church to overflowing." Miss Mosler will speak in the M. E. church Sunday next, service beginning at 10:45 a. m. At 6:45 there will be a young people's rally or conference in the Baptist church, and at 7:30 Miss Mosler will give another address. All young people are invited to the conference and a cordial invitation is generally extended to all these services.

—On the subject of advertising the Bolivar Breeze gives the following sensible advice: Many a country town business man who is termed "easy" by every traveling solicitor for a hotel directory which nobody reads and which is thrown away as soon as a new grafter comes along, does not believe in advertising in newspapers, the only mediums through which he can reach the people of his locality, the possible buyers with whom he can hope to establish trade relations. Some kinds of advertising don't pay, among the poorest is that of the directory class. Newspaper advertising that is intelligently done always pays good dividends.

Cure Your Catarrh Now.

V. Van Dorn, 2011 Avenue B, Birmingham, Ala., writes: "I have had catarrh in one of the worst forms for 20 years, and after using Dr. Geo. Leininger's For-mal-de-hyde Inhaler for two days feel entirely relieved and believe by its continued use I will get cured." Sold at 50 cents on a guarantee by J. W. Voorhees.

Subscribe for the MINER.

Correspondence.

LARABEE

The Misses Jennie and Bertha Haynes and brother, Eugene, and Emmet Gunning and Forrest Carpenter went to Brocton, N. Y., Tuesday to assist in the grape harvest there.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Morton are enjoying a vacation trip to Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and New York.

Ronald Chisholm of Cross Fork is a guest at the home of his aunt, Mrs. D. R. McDonald.

E. S. Carpenter, who has been ill some days, is slowly gaining in health.

William Peak came down from Clermont and spent Sunday with his family.

Dell Moore came down from Ormsby Saturday, returning Monday.

A. V. Durand of Rochester was in town Friday.

Secrets.

[illegible]

"How long have you resided in this state?"

"About two years."

"How long have you been in Independence?"

"Nearly a year."

"Have you ever taken out naturalization papers?"

"No, sir."

"Police, take this man into custody for attempting to cast a fraudulent vote."

An indictment was next in order, so it was thought best to ascertain the exact nationality of the prisoner before it was drawn. He was asked:

"Of what country were you a native?"

He answered:

"Massachusetts."

Reduced Rates to Portland Me.

On account of the meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union at Portland, Me., October 15 to 23, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Portland from all stations on its lines, from October 13 to 17, inclusive, at reduced rates. These tickets will be good for return passage from October 15 to 23. If ticket be deposited with agent of terminal lines at Portland before noon of October 16, and 50 cents paid at time of deposit, the return limit will be extended to October 31. Apply to Ticket Agents for specific rates and other information.

Why Suffer With Your Kidneys?

The discovery of Dr. Geo. Leininger's For-mal-de-hyde Kidney Tablets has proved a blessing to thousands of kidney sufferers who have been restored to perfect health. These tablets drive the kidney disease germs out of the blood and prevent accumulation of uric acid in the system. We urge all sufferers to give this successful and scientific kidney remedy a trial. They come in two sizes, 25 and 50 cents. Come and get a trial treatment free at J. W. Voorhees.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Makes short roads. And light loads. Good for everything that runs on wheels.

Sold Everywhere.

Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Blankets and Robes.

The season for Blankets and Robes is here and at this store you can always find

Just What You Want.

Full line of Trunks, Telescopes, Suit Case Traveling Bags, etc., at popular prices. Harness—All the latest styles in single or double, light and heavy harness.

Chas. Lemmler,

Smethport, Pa.

INSURANCE.

Life, Fire and Accident written by

W. F. SPECHT

SMETHPORT, PA.

In good, reliable companies.



That old copybook maxim finds its most forceful application in the waste of vitality, which is called "burning the candle at both ends." A woman is often tempted beyond her strength by domestic or social demands. Some day she awakens from this waste of strength to the woeful want of it. She has become weak, nervous and miserable.

For weak, nervous, run-down women, there is no better tonic and nervine than Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It restores the appetite, quiets the nerves and gives refreshing sleep. It cures local diseases peculiarly womanly which undermine the general health. It makes weak women strong, sick women well.

"No doubt you have forgotten me, but after you read my letter you will remember me," writes Mrs. Annie E. Morling, of 238 7th Avenue, S. W., Roanoke, Va. "In the year 1895 I wrote to you for advice, which you gave me free of charge. When I wrote to you I was a wreck; I could not walk straight for pains in my abdomen; could not sit down, lie down, or get any ease at all. I had what was called the best doctor here but did not get any better until I went for such a course of your medicine. I took eight bottles each of 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and ten bottles of the 'Pleasant Pellets.' I tell you the medicine made a cure of me."

Weak and sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is held as strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

THE FAMOUS.

Central Block, CLOTHING STORE. Smethport, Pa.

We do as we advertise and when you see our ad look into our windows and see

The Same Goods

that you read about here. Last week you read about our $7.50 and $10.00 Suits we sold for $5. Perhaps you saw and bought them too. To-day we put on sale (see our window)

BOYS' and YOUTH'S SUITS

with knee and long pants, at

$2.50 and $3.00,

they were formerly $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00.

Wm. Monheimer



Have You a Savings Account with the PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS

Smithfield St. and Fourth Ave., PITTSBURGH, PA.

Don't allow an out of town residence interfere with your opening an account with us, because you can bank by mail. Write us today for booklet on the subject.

Established 1862. $12,000,000 Deposits. 30,000 Depositors. 4 per cent. Interest.

Armstrong's Reliable Jewelry Store

Is, as ever, headquarters for everything in the line of

Standard Jewelry.

If you wish to be ON TIME buy your

Watch or Clock

at this reliable estalishment. Prices are right,

Stock is Complete,

Goods are the Best, therefore your patronage is solicited.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

GARTH E. RUMSEY,

DRAYING,
CARTING,
FREIGHT,
BAGGAGE.

Household furniture moved on short notice.

Union 'Phone 32.

New Store, New Goods, New Prices AND New Proprietors.

We are now prepared to do business in an up-to-date way.

Goods promptly delivered in any part of the borough, or at any reasonable distance in the country. Farm produce taken in exchange for groceries at market price.

All goods and prices guaranteed. We do not propose to be undersold.

Yours to please,

Hagberg & Sherburne,

Holder Block, SMETHPORT, PA.

Smethport Bicycle Shop,

SIDNEY H. BROUGHAM, Prop.

Dealer in

Bicycles and Sundries of all kinds.

Repairing done and work guaranteed. Wheels to rent by day or hour. Those wishing wheels for Sunday will please speak for them on Saturday.

cor. FRANKLIN and WATER STS.

Opposite Bottling Works, - - - Smethport, Pa.

STOP! READ! and REFLECT

And then go to

BROWNELL BROTHERS

Where you will find a carefully and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS. BOOTS and SHOES.

AND A CHOICE LINE OF THE

FINEST GROCERIES

TO BE FOUND IN TOWN AT

ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

FOR THE FAMILY.

I have just opened my wholesale liquor store in the Reilly Block and am in positon to supply the leading brands of

Wines and Liquors

for family and medicinal use. All goods are guaranteed strictly pure.

A. J. Warshofsky,

Reilly Block, SMETHPORT, PA.

FURNITURE

You make no mistake in buying here. The stock is complete, and prices low.

CARPETS

An elegant assortment just received. Now is the time to secure best values. Remember our stock of wall paper contains all the latest patterns.

Main Street, Smethport. **Specht & Sasse.**

Brasted's Delicious Candies

For the Summer Trade.

THE CLARION STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

Provides Professional Training for Teachers,

Prepares Young People for College and

Offers Excellent Facilities for General Education.

FREE TUITION For Prospective Teachers.

Board, Room Rent and Laundry $127 per annum.

For further particulars call on or address

SAMUEL WEIR, Principal, Clarion, Pa.

Mansfield Normal School

A Superior Training School for teachers. Equipment unexcelled. Healthful location.

Free Tuition in Normal Department.

Expenses moderate in special departments.

MUSIC (Hamlin E. Cogswell, Director.)

A complete CONSERVATORY COURSE OF STUDY, a special department for training of teachers and supervisors for public school work.

ART AND ELOCUTION

In the hands of a specialist.

BUSINESS

In the hands of a Master Accountant.

Beautiful buildings and surroundings, fine Gymnasium, Athletic Park, Elevator, Hospital and attendant nurse, Good Board, Electric Light, Steam Heat, &c.

Fall term opens Monday September 1st. Send for Catalogue.

ANDREW THOMAS SMITH, Ph. D., Principal

MANSFIELD, PA.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS: $1.25 per year, or if paid strictly in advance, $1.00 per year.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display advertisements published at the rate of $100 per column per annum, payable monthly. Our own position and no deviation from this rule. Extra charge for single insertion.

Reading notices, five cents per line for each insertion.

Legal advertisements, five cents per line for each insertion.

Cards, not exceeding one inch, $5.00 per annum.

Birth, marriage and death notices inserted free.

Executors' and administrators' notices, $3.00 each.

Address all communications to
HARRY L. BACKUS,
Editor and Prop'r.

Smethport, Thursday, Sept. 18, 1902.

FOR GOVERNOR,
SAMUEL W. PENNYPACKER.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
WM. B. BROWN.

FOR SECRETARY INTERNAL AFFAIRS
MAJOR I. B. BROWN.

FOR CONGRESS,
S. R. DRESSER.

FOR MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY,
JOHN W. CAMPBELL.
J. M. McELROY.

FOR SHERIFF,
CHARLES E. MAYS.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
SAMUEL E. BELL.

FOR RECORDER,
H. M. CHOATE.

FOR REGISTER,
JOHN B. EASTMAN.

FOR CLERK OF COURTS,
WM. H. MORRISON.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN P. MELVIN.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
GEORGE L. GRIFFITHS
JOHN A. PETERSON.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
P. G. BARTLE,
OSCAR ENGSTROM.

At Kane yesterday the Democratic county committee held another meeting and [illegible] some more candidates. As near as can be estimated the Democratic [illegible] as follows: Assembly, F. A. Connelly, E. A. Boyne; Sheriff, W. J. Kerr; Prothonotary, F. H. Dutton; Recorder, F. S. Lewis; Register, Allen Park; Clerk of Courts, Chas. [illegible]; Commissioners, W. F. Walsh and Jas. [illegible]; Auditors, A. R. Corson, [illegible].

For Clerk of Courts the Republicans of this county have a candidate for whom every voter of whatever political affiliation can cast a ballot with pleasure [illegible]. We refer to the present efficient, popular and handsome Deputy Prothonotary W. H. Morrison. People having business at the Prothonotary's office find him always the same courteous, affable and accommodating official. Of course he will be elected, such a man could not be defeated.

That S. R. Dresser is growing constantly in popularity throughout the Congressional district is evidenced by the expressions of respect and esteem in the various newspapers, regardless of party affiliation, moreover, wherever he has gone his manly statement of his position in the campaign, his respectful recognition of his opponent and the sincerity, earnestness and business sagacity manifested by Mr. Dresser command the favorable consideration of all citizens.—Bradford Star.

The Democratic party has always professed to strongly champion the principle "the majority shall rule." On Friday last eight members of the Democratic county committee met in this borough and endorsed the nomination of Hon. "Sandy" Boyne for Assembly, thus giving him a place on their ticket. At the same time and place Allen Park of Mt. Jewett was named as the Democratic candidate for Recorder of Deeds. Whether the other thirty-seven committeemen were cognizant of this meeting we are not informed.

At this stage of the proceedings it looks as though J. B. Eastman, for Register of Wills, and J. P. Melvin, for District Attorney, had a dead cinch on their respective offices. Up to the present writing no Democrat has been found with the temerity to oppose either of them. Both would have been elected in any event, therefore the wisdom of the situation is apparent. Now if the Democratic party of this county would withdraw all its candidates from the ticket excepting one for commissioner and one for auditor, it would establish a reputation for wisdom unparalleled in the political annals of the county.

Allen Park of Mt. Jewett is the last Democrat selected to oppose H. M. Choate for Recorder of Deeds—that is, he is the last of whom we have knowledge. He was nominated last Friday and has had ample time to decline the sacrifice like his predecessors for that office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Choate, however, does not appear at all alarmed at the multitude of candidates with which the Democrats seek to overwhelm him. On the contrary, he pursues the even tenor of his way, firm in the conviction that if the people wish to elect him this double-teaming act will cut no figure. Mr. Choate's superior ability and fitness for the office to which he aspires would give him an unanimous election were merit only considered.

There can be no shadow of a doubt, in the mind of any well informed man, that the next Sheriff of McKean county will be named Charles E. Mays. That he will discharge the duties of the office with ability and fidelity is equally beyond doubt by those who know him. Mr. Mays is of that type of the hustling, progressive American citizen that never leaves anything half done and those who vote for him will never have cause to regret it.

The Republican candidates for Members of Assembly, Messrs J. M. McElroy of Bradford and J. W. Campbell of Kane, have been making a trip through this section of the county during the past week. At every place they visit they are received with words of encouragement and pledges of support at the polls, which if carried out will land them winners by a large majority on November 4th. Both are well known to the voters of McKean county as gentlemen of ability and integrity, having filled responsible county offices satisfactorily alike to friend and foe. In no instance in the public career of either of these gentlemen could their worst political enemies point out a single flaw. In voting for such candidates you are voting to raise the mental and moral standard of Pennsylvania legislators. The Republican party of McKean did itself and the county honor in selecting J. M. McElroy and J. W. Campbell as its candidates for the State Legislature.

Washington Letter.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Sept. 22, 1902.

If the Congressional campaign in the west is not started with a boom, it will not be from lack of interest on the part of the federal authorities. President Roosevelt has started west on a trip which will occupy nearly three weeks, and during which he will cover 5,000 miles. In addition to his regular physician, he is accompanied by Dr. Richardson, a Washington throat specialist, who will render such aid as is necessary to keep the President's throat in condition for the trying amount of public speaking which is before him. It is confidently stated, by those in a position to know, that the President will advance no new and startling ideas, no innovations in political economy, but will appeal to the people on the ground of a plain common sense and the magnificent record which the Republican party has made in the past. He will warmly advocate his policy of transferring the control of corporations from the several states to the Federal Government and will remind his hearers that the same objections now advanced against this policy were advanced when the creation of the Inter-state Commerce Commission was first advocated. The conditions which then governed the railroads, and which still prevail, have [illegible] the federal corporations and the same general supervision by the federal authorities that has proved so salutary in the case of the railroads will prove equally efficacious in regard to the corporations, or "trusts." He will present no new phases in his representation of the Cuban situation but will urge the people to uphold his hands in his efforts to secure reciprocity for the new republic on the ground that, by so doing, he is carrying to its fulfillment the policy of his lamented predecessor and is sustaining the honor of the nation. He will discuss freely and frankly the tariff question and will prove to the people how chimerical and unsound are the arguments of those Democrats who would reduce the tariff and endanger the whole financial fabric of the country for the purpose of retaliating on a few trusts which are taking advantage of their power to unwarrantably advance prices. On the other hand, he will declare that the party is wedded to no particular tariff schedule and that, as conditions necessitate, it will modify such schedules as have outgrown their usefulness. He will easily demonstrate that the welfare of the nation demands that such changes in the tariff as it may become necessary to make be made by the Republican party which created it and which is capable of revising it, rather than by the Democrats who are avowed unbelievers in the protection of American industries and maintenance of the high wages now received by American workmen.

In addition to the President, Secretaries Root, Shaw and Wilson have also gone west and will address audiences at various points. Secretary Root, whose destination is Peoria, will take the occasion to pay a high tribute to General Wheaton who makes his home there, and who was recently retired. Secretary Shaw will elucidate the policy of the administration from the standpoint of a business man. Secretary Wilson will address a few audiences on political questions but in the main he will confine himself to an explanation of the practical benefits which his Department is accomplishing for the American farmers and outlines of the work the Department now has under way but the results of which will not be attained until some future date. Before leaving Washington Secretary Shaw increased by $10,000,000 the deposits of the government in the regularly appointed depositories in New York, thus obviating the shortage of currency at that point which has recently been made a factor in the stock market. As might be expected from President Roosevelt's cabinet officers, the speeches which they contemplate making will be in no sense, strongly partisan, but rather an accounting of their stewardship and an explanation of the plans along which they will work in the future.

There is still much gossip going the rounds in Washington concerning Speaker Henderson's refusal to stand for re-election. The Democratic chairman has repudiated the statement that he or his associates had any idea of making a personal attack on the Speaker and now the gossips are crediting such intentions to the Prohibition candidates in the Speaker's district. Ex-Speaker Reed is in Washington and consented to see a number of newspaper men on Saturday but stated that he had nothing new to impart in regard to the action of his successor. He seemed surprised at the general unwillingness to accept the reasons for his action advanced by Gen. Henderson as the true cause of the step; nevertheless, there was a peculiar expression about Mr. Reed's eyes when he was asked if he did not believe that the fact that the President had failed to invite the Speaker to the important conference held last week had been largely instrumental in precipitating his declination to again run for Congress. Mr. Reed's reply was, "I'm sure I cannot tell what Gen. Henderson's views on that subject were."

Discussing the political situation generally, Mr. Reed said, after prefacing his remarks with the statement that he was out of politics, "They had better leave the tariff alone. I believe the sentiment of the people of this country is deadly opposed to tariff revision and if it is not it certainly will be if the tariff is revised." When asked if the position of the Speaker would have any serious effect on the political situation, Mr. Reed said, after again stating that he was too much out of politics to make forecasts, "I might say that sometimes a great conflagration may be started by a very little match."

Attorney General Knox is expected in Washington early next week and his return is anticipated with interest because it is believed that he will bring with him the verdict on the title of the Panama Canal Company. His assistants at the Department of Justice assert that they have received no intimation from their chief as to the nature of this verdict but surprise is expressed at the brief stay which Mr. Knox has found it necessary to make in Paris. Either he has found some serious flaw which puts the question of a canal by that route beyond consideration, say his subordinates, or he has found the title so simple and satisfactory that it has required almost no time for investigation.

He Won't Support Pattison.

This story is told by Col. John W. Frazier. It's a good one, and must be true.

Hans Hinkenlooper keeps a provision store at Overbrook, within a block or two of the residence of ex-Governor Pattison. Proximity influences misled Hans into supporting the Union party last Fall, and, believing that he might go farther on the downward road to destruction, he was invited to go to Reading to assist in notifying Pattison of his nomination for Governor. Wanting a day off, Hinkenlooper went up to Reading with the gang.

While Pattison and Guthrie were frantically preaching "Reform," and Nolan was keeping the throats of the boys moist so they could yell for "Reform," a half-dozen pickpockets from New York went through the crowd and "touched" Hans for eighty-five dollars.

On the way back to Philadelphia, Mr. Pattison said: "Mr. Hinkenlooper, I was very glad to see you at Reading today. I presume you intend voting for Pattison, Guthrie and Reform?"

"No, sir. I goes back mit der old barty."

"Why, how is that, Mr. Hinkenlooper?" asked Mr. Pattison, the apostle of non-partisan Reform.

"Vell I was a Republican for more as twenty-five years und nodings happen to me, but youst so soon vat I go mit der Pattison Reformers he schteal mona pocketbooks. So I go back mit der old barty. It vos petter."

And Mr. Hinkenlooper's experience will hold many another steady in der old barty.

"It vos petter."



A Defiance to the Sun

Most paints are but a poor protection from the sun. The sun's rays cannot penetrate the perfect protection Patton's Sun Proof Paints give a house. It is a permanent painting out of everything that can injure walls or roof—a defiance to the sun.

Patton's Sun Proof Paints

are made of the purest materials, accurately mixed by powerful machines making every can alike and render it possible to *guarantee* the paint in every can to *wear well* for five years. It usually lasts twice as long. Send for our free book of paint knowledge, or write for anything you want to know about paint.

PATTON PAINT COMPANY, Milwaukee, Wis.

For Sale by

J. C. Hamlin, Smethport, Pa.

KODAKS AND KODAK SUPPLIES.

We are agents for Eastman's Kodaks in this section. Our prices are as low as anywhere.

McCoy's Drug Store,

SMETHPORT, PA. NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.



BENEATH ANY GENTLEMAN

to wear poor looking, ill-fitting shoes.

Handsome, stylish, comfortable and easy footwear can be had for the same price.

As a matter of fact we are selling

SHOES

at a third less than they should be sold for.

Had they landed in any other store the prices would be just that much higher.

Moderate profits satisfy us, however.

Anderson & Carlson

SMETHPORT PA.

In the Matter of the Estate of Benjamin Crocker, deceased. } In the Orphan's Court of McKean County, Penna.

NO. 2, FEBRUARY TERM, 1902.

In the matter of the Petition of L. L. Crocker, Administrator of the Estate of said Decedent for leave to sell real estate of said Deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed auditor to take testimony and report the facts and his conclusions of law as to the questions set up in the petition, gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, October 16th, 1902, at 2 o'clock p. m. at the office of Bouton & Gallup in the borough of Smethport, when and where all parties interested may be heard.

19-3t J. W. BOUTON, Auditor.

Transfer of License.

Notice is hereby given that a hearing will be held at the court house in the borough of Smethport, Pa., on October 6th, 1902, at two o'clock, p. m., on the petition of Belle Dopp for a transfer to her of the hotel license, which was granted to John C. Breneman on May 26th, 1902, to keep a hotel on the north side of Main street, in the village of Hazelhurst, township of Hamlin, McKean county, Pa., and known as the "Hotel Pasadena." Said Belle Dopp is the owner of the property resides thereon and by occupation heretofore a boarding house keeper.

GEO. W. MITCHELL, Clerk.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 20, 1902.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of T. H. Cordukes, late of Aiken, township of Keating, McKean county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to J. H. Ehret, residing in said township, county and state, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment at once, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

J. H. EHRET,
Administrator.

Aiken, Pa., Sept. 15, 1902.

Notice of Administration.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted by the Register of Wills of McKean county in the estate of T. J. Powers, formerly a resident of Bradford City, late of the City of Buffalo, New York, deceased, to the undersigned. All parties having any claims against estate of said decedent are requested to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement and those knowing themselves indebted to such estate are requested to make payment.

W. H. POWERS,
Executor.

Bradford, Pa., Sept. 16, 1902.

First Showing of Fall and Winter Clothing.

For weeks we have been busy around our establishment marking and arranging the carloads of wearables that have been daily pouring into our store. We have now ready a

REGULAR FEAST

of new and beautiful things in Men's, Boys' and Children's wear. We are especially proud of

OUR MEN'S SUIT DISPLAY

We have the best suits, made by the best makers we know anything about. It would take miles of talk to do them justice. Compare our suits with any to be had anywhere—workmanship for workmanship—garment for garment—thread for thread. Then COMPARE PRICES. Do this and you will buy your FALL SUIT here. You can't help it, you know.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.,

THE TERHUNE UNION MADE SHOE.

MERCHANT TAILORS, CLOTHIERS & FURNISHERS.

D. C. YOUNG.

I am closing out my remaining stock of shirt waists and shirt waist suits at cost. Call and look these over and you will find some good bargains.

Have just received a new line of shoes for fall trade. Infants' kid moccasins, children's shoes and ladies' and gents' shoes, all at reasonable prices.

Be sure and attend our ribbon sale. All ribbons going at very low values.

I have some very pretty pieces of fine handkerchief linen and floss for working same which you should see before buying elsewhere.

I always have on hand a complete line of dry goods and groceries.

D. C. YOUNG,
SMETHPORT, PA., June 17, 1902.

Spring Styles

FOR MEN AND BOYS

The Spring Season of Nineteen Hundred and Two finds us elegantly equipped in Styles, Workmanship and Material for the demands of our Patrons and we are ready for your Spring and Summer Orders at once

Satisfactory Work Guaranteed

You should visit our establishment look over the samples and styles and make your selection now. While they are not necessarily "loud" our clothes "speak for themselves."

Shillenn & Torrence,

The Leading Tailors,

Chadwick Block. Smethport.

Monarch Water Heater

is the best in the world, because it is the most durable and the greatest gas saver.

In less than a minute hot water is at hand anywhere in the house, night or day. "You turn the faucet, the Monarch does the rest." We have a large stock on hand.

Smethport Plumbing Co.

W. S. Palmer, Manager. SMETHPORT, PA.

New Fall Hats.

All that is new in Hats for the coming season we have them. Any color, any style desired. Also a very large assortment of Boys' and Children's Hats and Caps; the latest novelties for little fellows and little girls. Our prices as usual are the lowest.

We also are showing some swell new things in neckwear.

IKE SIMONS

46-48 Main St. BRADFORD. The Big Double Clothing Store.

Full Line of Negligee Shirts Now Open.

Carpets Made Free. **F. G. Lindholm & Co.** Queen Quality Shoes.

Autumn Display

OF

SILKS, SATINS, DRESS GOODS and NOVELTY DRESS TRIMMINGS.

A SUPERB EXHIBIT OF THE WORLD'S LATEST FASHION FANCIES WHICH EVERY WOMAN SHOULD SEE.

RARE VALUES IN BLANKETS.

These are the celebrated Muncy Bed Blankets. Every pair properly shrunken and fully guaranteed. Our new lines for Autumn are now complete and there is not a Blanket in this vast stock except the new goods made for the coming season's selling.

White Woolen Blankets at $3.75 and $4.75, 72x82 inches, finished with cream silk binding, handsome border coloring; well worth $5 and $6 a pair.

White Woolen Blankets at $6 and $7, extra large—78x84 inches—made from California fleece wool, dainty border colorings and finished with double-stitched broad silk binding; regularly worth $7 and $8.50 a pair.

Plaid Woolen Blankets at $5.50, 72x84 inches, strictly all-wool, handsome plaid effects in gray and blue or red and black—a great value at our special price.

We are headquarters for Carpets, Rugs, Portieres and Lace Curtains. Latest Fall designs now on exhibition.

F. G. Lindholm & Co.

We have in stock the best thing on the market in the way of

Hot Water Heaters

to be placed on the side of a Hot Water Tank. The water is drawn from the bottom of the tank, heated in the coil and put in the TOP of the tank from whence the water is drawn for use. The water in the bottom of the boiler may be cold when there will be plenty of hot water in the top for all ordinary uses. We guarantee that this heater will heat the water with less gas than any other on the market. Call and see one in use in the barber shop of Mr. A. Sturdvient. The price of one of these heaters complete is $3.00. Why pay $10.00 for one that will not do the work so satisfactorily.

Redfield's Hardware.

McKean County Miner

Entered at the postoffice at Smethport as second class mail matter.

Smethport, Thursday, Sept. 25, 1902.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

—Note change in Holmes & Gilfillan's ad.

—Eldred vs. Smethport at Sartwell field next Saturday afternoon.

—We now have the Bell telephone connections in the MINER office, both local and long distance.

—John Turk, a graduate of Warner's Business College, has accepted a position with S. R. Dresser.

—Mrs. Sheridan Gorton is entertaining her lady friends at her home on King street this afternoon.

—Joe Chiodo, the well known construction boss of the P., S. & N. Ry., is walking boss on the grade at Palmerville.

—Toronto won the pennant in the Eastern League, which finished its season last Saturday. Buffalo finished a close second.

—A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Coleman of Port Allegany on Tuesday. Their many friends here will extend congratulations.

—S. S. Fry is having some marked changes on his newly acquired property on Water street, formerly the Baptist parsonage. He expects to move in soon.

—Will the street commissioner kindly replace the crossing where King street crosses Church street? The purpose for which it was taken up has been accomplished.

—The livery barn occupied by E. W. Jones has been overhauled and a number of improvements made. Now Mr. Jones has one of the most convenient barns in this section.

—At Readville, Mass., on Tuesday, Dan Patch paced a mile in 1:59¼. This is the same time as made by Star Pointer, who holds the world's record, made on this track five years ago.

—Scott F. Redfield had his right ankle sprained on Saturday last while practicing football. The injury was not a very serious one, however, and Scott is out attending to business on crutches.

—At the Republican State convention held at Saratoga yesterday Governor B. B. Odell was renominated and Senator Frank W. Higgins of Olean was nominated for Lieutenant Governor. This should be a winning ticket.

—Street Commissioner Ness has just finished a very creditable job of road building on Nelson street, near Marvin creek. At this point the street has been repeatedly washed away by high water. A substantial stone filling with gravel has put the street in good shape.

—Frank McCabe of Emporium has accepted a position in the pharmacy of H. C. Wells. Mr. McCabe comes well recommended and his genius is evidenced by the original displays in the windows of that popular pharmacy.

—A 16-year-old boy, who was creating a disturbance in the Bradford opera house last Friday, was sentenced to ten days in the lockup at the hearing Saturday. This should be a lesson to boys who are in the habit of acting likewise in public places.

—The ladies of St. Luke's church will serve supper at the parish house on Wednesday, Oct. 1st, from 6 p. m. A pleasant social entertainment may be expected. The Smethport band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Price, 25 cents.

—President Roosevelt was operated on at Indianapolis, Ind., on Tuesday for an abscess on his left leg. The operation was not a serious one and will only lay the President up for about ten days. The abscess came from an injury he received in the trolley accident at Pittsfield.

—Everyone who is interested in football should attend the game between the Eldred and Smethport High Schools on Saturday. This is the first game of the season and the boys should be encouraged by a large crowd, as well as in a financial way. A good game may be looked for.

—A so-called "barkpeeler evangelist" is stumping McKean county in behalf of the Prohibition movement. He is said to be an able man and one who never barks up the wrong tree. He is not favorably inclined toward the fiery liquid which is described as "barkpeeler's delight."—Bradford Era.

—Mrs. Button, who had been lost in the woods of Potter county for nearly five weeks, mention of which was made in these columns last week, was found in the Black Forest on Tuesday of last week in a very enfeebled condition, but it is thought that she will recover, although she is 82 years old.

—Lieut. Robert E. Peary has returned to civilization from an unsuccessful attempt to reach the North Pole. Mr. Peary and his wife got within 348 miles of the pole and he says that a properly equipped party can reach the pole by making their winter quarters at latitude 83 and going on from there in the spring.

—On Monday a lone highwayman made a daring attempt to hold up the east bound night express from Buffalo to Philadelphia when the train was running between Emporium and Driftwood. He entered the baggage car and with drawn revolver commanded the baggageman to stand and deliver. The bold, bad man went through the car without securing any valuables, and when the train slowed down at Driftwood he backed out of the car and was soon lost in darkness.

—On Wednesday evening, September 17th, George H. Hays of Kushequa and Miss Ella Theresa Griffin of Morley, Michigan, were united in marriage at the Kushequa Union Church by the pastor, Rev. Bruce S. Wright. The MINER extends congratulations.

—Many Jamestown school children are suffering from a skin disease called Psoriasis. In its appearance it somewhat resembles small pox and for a time it was thought to be that dread disease, but on closer examination by the physicians of that city its true name was discovered. It is becoming epidemic and some of the parents are alarmed. It is, however, pronounced harmless, but very irritating.

—Ex-Gov. Robert E. Pattison will address the voters of Bradford on Thursday evening, Oct. 2. He will make a stumping tour of the county, speaking in Mt. Jewett on Friday morning, Oct. 3; Smethport at 1 o'clock p. m., and Eldred at 3 p. m. on the same day. The Democratic spellbinders will go to Coudersport for a meeting on Friday night, returning to Port Allegany, where they will speak on Saturday morning.—Bradford Era.

—James Doyle, an old resident of Mt. Jewett, was successfully operated upon Thursday afternoon by Dr. E. O'N. Kane, assisted by Drs. Burdick and Nason. His right leg, which had become gangrenous, was severed between the knee and foot. The operation was very successful and Mr. Doyle is progressing better than was anticipated. He is now without either foot as Dr. S. D. Freeman, late of Smethport, amputated the other about 15 years ago.—Mt. Jewett Herald.

—Maria Henrietta, wife of King Leopold II. and Queen of Belgium, died last Friday night while at the dinner table. She was the daughter of the Archduke of Austria and had been queen since her husband's ascendency to the throne in 1865. She was the mother of a large family. One daughter is now confined in a [illegible] asylum, another [illegible] an unsavory reputation and the youngest is dying of grief over the wild and degenerate life of her monarch father. A son committed suicide some years ago and the queen has led a most unhappy life.

—Editor Caskey of the Austin Autograph is making it interesting for the water company of that place. Among other things in his last issue he says: "People taking small pigs, snakes, frogs, lizards, fish or other matter from their faucets that they have no use for, will confer a favor by bringing the same to this office or notifying the editor, who will call for them. We have a very [illegible] and with a little [illegible] on the part of those interested in the pure water movement we think we can furnish some very good exhibits to be [illegible] November [illegible]."

—One of all those all too common, besmeared, yet pitiful sights, at which decency revolts, was seen at the Pennsylvania station last evening, a young woman and her companion both too drunk for comfort, were leaned against the building waiting for train [illegible]. It was not a plain drunk for had the lines of debauchery been erased from the woman's face she would have been pretty. While law, both divine and human, hold it no worse for a woman to drink than for a man, we are taught that woman as she is created is in a way a superior being, and when she falls her disgrace is more noticeable.—Port Allegany Argus.

—A DuBois dispatch of Sept. 21 says: Thomas Russell of Grampian, Clearfield county, was shot dead this afternoon at that place by a negro named Moses Taylor. Taylor escaped but is being pursued by a posse of officers and citizens. The colored man was having some trouble with a small boy and was in the act of chastising him when Russell tried to rescue the boy. Taylor turned from the boy and pointed a revolver at Russell and fired twice. Neither shot struck him, however, and Russell seized the revolver, wrenched it from the negro and walked away. He had gone but a few yards when Taylor drew another revolver from his pocket and shot Russell through the back.

Reticent.

Dr. Dedrick, who left the Peary party at Etah after trouble with Peary and remained with Eskimos till the party returned from near the north pole, refused to talk of the quarrel when he arrived in New York the other day. He said: "I shall say nothing on this score or on my experience among the Eskimos or about the denial of food to me by Lieut. Peary, even a little coffee without sugar, until the commander of the expedition has reported fully on his work."

Whereupon the Buffalo Evening News is moved to remark: The doctor is almost as reticent as the town crier who went through the streets with his bell, proclaiming "Key lost! Key lost! And divil a wan will I tell what key it is, for it's the key of the bank!"

2 Per Cent. on Checking Accounts

and 4 per cent. on Savings Deposits at Pittsburg Trust Company. Interest compounded semi-annually. Capital, surplus and profits exceeding $6,000,000, and deposits over $10,000,000. Do all your banking by mail. Send postal for two hundred year calendar free. 323 Fourth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

Duff's College

Has unsurpassed facilities for giving a Business Education, and placing Students when trained. Circulars on application.
P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburg, Pa.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Hon. T. F. Richmond visited Bradford Monday.

Mrs. S. E. Orr of Warren is visiting friends in town.

Miss Bertha Wetenhall returned from Port Allegany Monday.

Attorney J. R. Haughney was up from Eldred on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Camp of Bradford visited in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Backus of Olean were in town over Sunday.

R. C. Pickett of Warren was a guest of friends in town over Sunday.

Sherman Crocker of Ceres was an agreeable caller at this office on Tuesday.

Mrs. Harry Weaver of Straight is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Z. Gifford.

Miss Edna Hafner left Wednesday for a short stay in Buffalo and Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss Charlotte Bard of Washington, D. C., is visiting her many friends in town.

Rev. Gaylard H. Patterson is in Rochester this week attending the Genesee conference.

Hon. T. A. Morrison left Saturday for Scranton, where he is presiding at court this week.

Mrs. M. L. Brazee of Waterport, N. Y., is a guest of her cousin, Mrs. F. H. Freeman of Cemetery street.

Miss Alice K. Prescott of Quincy, Mass., is the guest of Mrs. Orin J. Hamlin.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Todd left Monday for New Castle, called there by the serious illness of Mrs. Todd's father.

John Markham of Beaumont, Texas, was a visitor in town Monday. Mr. Markham is a former Bradford young man who has done well in the Texas oil field.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Johnson returned Tuesday evening from an extended visit to Detroit, Mich. Miss [illegible] Brown, sister of Mrs. Johnson, accompanied them and will be their guest during the winter.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Smethport for the week ending Sept. 20, 1902.

Miss Edna Burt, Thos. E. Barnes, E. F. Chamberlain, Miss Mary Faure, E. E. Fullrod, Miss Lela Hockman, Mrs. Minnie Johnson, Fred Kellar, E. Marchand, Mgr. Opera House, Edward Parmer, Mrs. Wm. Reider.

Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised." All unclaimed letters are sent to the Dead Letter Office two weeks from date of advertising.

J. C. [illegible],
Postmaster.

Challenge From John W. Voorhees

Offers to refund money if Dr. Howard's Specific will not cure any case of constipation or dyspepsia.

John W. Voorhees is seeking the worst case of dyspepsia or constipation in Smethport or vicinity to test Dr. Howard's new Specific for the cure of these diseases.

So confident is he that this remarkable medicine will effect a cure, quickly and lasting, that he offers to refund the money should it not be successful.

In order to secure the quickest possible introduction Druggist Voorhees will sell a regular fifty cent package of this medicine at half price, 25 cents.

Take advantage of Mr. Voorhees' challenge and secure a bottle of Dr. Howard's Specific at half price, with his personal guarantee to refund your money if it does not help you.

There is no need of suffering with constipation, dyspepsia or liver disease when you can get sixty doses of a scientific medicine for their cure like Dr. Howard's Specific for the small sum of 25 cents.

Reduced Rates to Washington.

For the Twenty sixth National Encampment, G. A. R., to be held at Washington, D. C., October 6 to 11, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Washington from all points on its lines at rate of single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale from October 4 to 7, inclusive, and good to return until October 14, inclusive. By depositing ticket with the Joint Agent at Washington between October 7 and 14, and the payment of 50 cents, an extension of the return limit to November 3 may be obtained.

For specific rates and further information apply to nearest ticket agent.

For Sale or Exchange.

Pair work horses, 22 hundred pounds, good condition. For sale or will exchange for drivers.

PALMER & DODGE,
Smethport, Pa., Sept. 25, 1902.
39-2t.

Anything you want in Gas Heaters. Holmes & Gilfillan.

STERLING WHITE LEAD

Is the Most Durable Paint.

MADE BY OLD DUTCH PROCESS.

The STERLING works are the only ones in the world making their own spent tan.

BARK PEELERS or parties having bark for sale are requested to communicate with

STERLING WHITE LEAD CO.
Empire Building. Pittsburgh
Booklets Free

DENTISTRY.

Modern, scientific and up-to-date.
Painless extraction of teeth. Over 25 years' experience.
Satisfaction guaranteed.

DR. F. C. PIERCE,
Smethport, Pa.

FRY & HERZOG

DRY GOODS—CARPETS—MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
CARPETS MADE FREE.

FURS.

Back in June when you were giving attention to things cool we laid our plans for this fall's fur selling. Selected the correct skins and styles and had them made to our order.

The wisdom of an early purchase is apparent now. Already fur prices have advanced about twenty per cent. This advance we're going to put in your pocketbook. Our gain is yours, because our store principle is the greatest possible value for the least money.

There's a choice of all the sanctioned styles with a price of range from $1.25 to $40.00 each.

'Twould be wisdom to see them now while they are all here and economy too because we cannot secure duplicates at the same prices.

FRY & HERZOG.



CHOP! CHOP! CHOP!

You need one of our FOOD CHOPPERS every day in your kitchen. It will save you time labor and expense.

Don't hack and haggle with the old Chop-Bowl and Knife. We have many kinds and sizes of these labor saving food choppers, including Sargent's Gem, Universal, New Connecticut and Enterprise. Anyone of them will please you.

HOLMES & GILFILLAN,

Lumber and Hardware

Blacksmiths' and Wagon Makers' Supplies

We Keep in Stock Everything for a House from Foundation to Chimney Top.

Smethport, Pa. McKean County.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

To get it we are willing to do anything that is right.

We have purchased the stock of

GROCERIES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE

of O. D. Bush and are determined to run an up-to-date store.

We have put a delivery wagon on the road and we will call at your house, take your order and deliver goods promptly.

Give us a trial order and if everything is not perfectly satisfactory tell us about it.

VOORHEES & McCARTY,

Bush Building. EAST SMETHPORT, PA.

OSTERMOOR FELT MATTRESSES.

The Kind that is better than hair—we sell them.

Lawn Swings and Porch Furniture at cost to close them out.

J. M. SLOAN,

6 Main Street, BRADFORD, PA.

Prescriptions.

To these I give the utmost care in compounding. The drugs used are of the highest grade and are absolutely pure.

Patent Medicines.

The line on my shelves is composed of all the leading goods on the market. Call and and see the finest in town.

H. C. WELLS.

CAMPAIGN OPENS WITH ENTHUSIASM

Pennypacker on His Tour Speaks to Vast Crowds.

HE HAS A WORD FOR PATTISON

The Republican Candidate Shakes Hands With Thousands of Farmers and Addresses a Great Meeting of Workingmen—The State Appropriations to Charity Discussed.

Harrisburg, Sept. 22.—Judge Pennypacker and his company of spell-binders, including Senator Penrose and Ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith have just concluded their first week's tour of the campaign. Everywhere he has spoken Judge Pennypacker has been greeted by great and enthusiastic audiences that listened with interest to his utterances.

The campaign was formally opened at Center Hall, Center county, on Tuesday of last week where the spellbinders addressed several thousand farmers. The occasion was the annual gathering of the Center County Grangers. The great auditorium was crowded and fully a thousand persons listened outside, unable to gain admittance. George Dale, master of the Center Grange, called the meeting to order and introduced ex-Governor Daniel H. Hastings as presiding officer.

Prior to the opening of the mass meeting in the auditorium Judge Pennypacker held a reception at which he shook hands with the farmers and their families who had assembled.

Ex-Governor Hastings in introducing Judge Pennypacker referred to the fact that there was never a war for our flag waged in this country that Judge Pennypacker's ancestors did not bear an honorable part.

The Republican candidate for governor spoke for over half an hour, and was followed by Senator Penrose and Ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith [illegible] when the meeting [illegible] at Centre Hall [illegible].

THE LEAGUE OF CLUBS.

[illegible] the spell-binders went the following day to Lock Haven, where an enthusiastic reception was tendered them. Then Judge Pennypacker and Senator Penrose went on to Erie where they attended the annual meeting of the State League of Republican Clubs. The convention was one of the most enthusiastic that has been held in years. The officers elected for the ensuing year were: Frederick W. Fleitz, of Scranton, president; John R. Wiggins, John S. Durham, William MacDonald and John McCleary, of Philadelphia; Robert H. Lindsay and S. A. J. Burchfield, of Pittsburg; William I. Swope, of Clearfield, and James D. Hay, of Erie, vice presidents; John Kelly, of Philadelphia, and George Llewellyn, of Luzerne, were elected secretaries; Jere. H. Shaw, treasurer, and John D. Long, of the Harry R. Wildey Club, of Philadelphia, assistant secretary.

On Wednesday night Judge Pennypacker addressed an audience that packed the Erie Opera House. He was received with great enthusiasm by the club men present and the hundreds of citizens of Erie who gathered to hear him. Judge Pennypacker in his address replied to some of Ex-Governor Pattison's criticisms of state affairs as follows:

A WORD TO PATTISON.

"Instead of discussing national matters (the continuation of prosperity, and the danger of tariff revision, which are of vital interest to us all and affect the life and home of every man in Pennsylvania perhaps more closely than those of other American states, he (Ex-Governor Pattison) [illegible] in a wail, a diatribe, a denunciation of the state which he proposes to govern, and its people. Standing upon a platform which declares that this is a disgraced state, he does not hesitate to accept its mendacities; and, in appealing to the forlorn, the unhappy and the discontented he hopes to win your favor and esteem. Without discrimination, and, discovering nothing which is worthy of commendation, he withers and condemns alike all our local and state legislative bodies.

"'Facts,' he says, 'might be cited in connection with the appropriation bills almost beyond belief.' He adds that the very best members are powerless unless they 'consent in violence of their consciences to arrangements and deals which corrupt men who are nothing less than public pirates.'

"This is a charge which, as you see, affects the whole legislature—not only the wicked members, but the 'very best,' all of which enter into these corrupt deals in order to secure appropriations. It affects further, as I shall show you, the governor as well. More than that, it is a reflection upon the officers and managers of the hundreds of charities all over the state, who must be cognizant of and enter into the deals, for it is impossible that the appropriations made to them should be reduced without their knowledge and assent.

ARE THESE MEN THIEVES?

"It has been my duty as one of the trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, and further as a member of the Valley Forge Commission, to appear before the committee of the legislature for a number of years to ask for appropriations in behalf of that time-honored institution of learning—the University, and its hospital, and in behalf of the commission for its historic purposes. None of the moneys received by us was diminished by the necessities of such deals. It was my fortune to meet there Judge Hanna, president of the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia, representing the Homeopathic Hospital, and many other persons of like standing engaged in similar errands, and I cannot believe they any more than myself participated in such performances. I am bound to believe that the vivid imagination of the gentleman has run riot and escaped its bounds.

"But under the constitution of Pennsylvania the governor of the state has a decided control over the appropriations. He may at his sweet will reject any of them, and then they must be returned for consideration.

"During the last twenty years the gentleman has himself been governor for eight years, or for more than one-third of the whole period. Where is the record of an appropriation he rejected because it appeared that it was the result of a corrupt deal? Would not this have been the appropriate time to set the seal of condemnation upon iniquity and prevent its growth for the future? Or, if it appeared that under the regime of some prior governor moneys of the state appropriated to charities had through corrupt deals been diverted unto other hands, how does it occur that the attorney general was not instructed to bring suit for their recovery? And, generally, is it not fair to inquire whether if after his unusually long service things are in such a dreadful way it would be of any benefit to the community to elect him again? Would it not be wiser to endeavor to cure the manifold ills of the state in some other way? If there be any foundation for this accusation, and if there be any truth whatever in the stories about 'rake-offs,' which the sensational and worthless newspapers bespatter in huge headlines across their ugly faces, I give warning now that should I be elected governor the charity which enters into such a deal to secure funds will get no appropriation if it be possible to prevent it."

GREAT PITTSBURG MEETING.

Continuing their journey a brief halt was made in New Castle at the home of Hon. W. M. Brown, candidate for lieutenant-governor. The coming of the distinguished visitors had not been announced, but despite this fact hundreds of citizens of New Castle gathered at Senator Brown's home to pay their respects.

On Friday night the candidates and spell-binders were in Pittsburg, where the largest meeting that has been known in a dozen years was held in Old City Hall. The building was packed to its capacity, the majority of those present being workingmen. All factions of the Republican party were present as a tribute of respect and enthusiasm to the party leaders. The speakers were Judge Pennypacker, Congressman Littlefield, of Maine; Senator Penrose, and ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith.

The present week will witness the opening of the city campaign in Philadelphia with an immense meeting at the Academy of Music, at which Judge Pennypacker will be the principal speaker. The remainder of the week will be taken up with a brief trip through the western part of the state. Beginning with next week the campaign tour of Judge Pennypacker and his company of spell-binders will commence in earnest and before it ends almost every county in the state will be visited. From the enthusiasm already manifested the campaign promises to be the most remarkable in the history of the state.

WE SHOULD STAND FIRM

Pennsylvania's Duty Today As Outlined By Hon. Charles Emory Smith.

The following is the [illegible] in part, of Hon. Charles Emory Smith delivered at Centre Hall, Centre county:

"Looking to the broader field of national affairs at stake at [illegible] such tremendous consequence that no Republican and indeed no patriotic citizen of any party ought to feel any doubt about his duty. Shall Pennsylvania uphold the national administration or shall we cripple and paralyze it? Shall we sustain the policies which have given us such national greatness and glory or shall we condemn and undertake to overthrow them? Shall we vote to continue the unparalleled prosperity which fills the country with content and happiness and growth, or shall we vote to overshadow it with doubt and to create distrust which will bring calamity? Who wants to go back to the business conditions which prevailed from 1893 to 1897?

PAINFUL OBJECT LESSONS.

"In deciding what path we ought to follow we don't have to guess. We know. We know in the light of experience which it would be madness to disregard. The object lessons of the past ten years blaze the way for every man who is not blind to the truth. In 1892 we were in the full tide of the greatest prosperity the country had ever enjoyed up to that period. I need not stop to picture the conditions. You all recall them. You all remember the business life and the industrial activity which then prevailed. Yet in a moment of madness and passion without realizing what they were doing, the people elected a Democratic congress and president and instantly the whole business sky was covered with clouds. The mere election of a Democratic congress and president created uncertainty, halted enterprise, impaired credit, checked the wheels of industry and spread distrust everywhere. If this was the effect simply of the election and the fears it created, the results were aggravated when the fruits were fully realized.

DEMOCRATIC HARD TIMES.

"When the Democratic party came into power it overthrew the Republican policies which had given national security, confidence and progress, and paralyzed business like the blight of an autumn frost. For four years the country suffered a stagnation and depression which caused wide spread distress. Hundreds of mills were stopped or ran on half time. Three millions of workingmen were out of employment. You could not altogether stop production in this great country but it was so checked as to cause a period of hard times. If you have forgotten those conditions which existed only six years ago you may make the mistake of voting to return to them. But no man who remembers them in contrast with the magnificent prosperity of the last six years can vote to run any risk of changing back to the situation from 1893 to 1897 without displaying a recklessness which is incomprehensible."

PROSPERITY AND REPUBLICANISM.

"In 1896 the people voted to get out of the slough of despondency by electing Wm. McKinley president. As the election of 1892 had been the turning point from prosperity to disaster, so the election of 1896 was the turning point from gloom and depression to a new era of prosperity and advancement beyond anything the world has ever seen.

"Never before has this country stood on such heights of prosperity and greatness and every step in this magnificent progress has been taken with the opposition or the criticism of the Democratic party. In the light of this experience shall Pennsylvania falter in her Republicanism or pronounce a verdict which would weaken the national administration in carrying forward the great work to which it is devoted?"

SENATOR PENROSE'S SPEECH

What the Great Republican Party Has Done For the Farmer.

United States Senator Penrose was one of the speakers at the opening of the campaign at Centre Hall, Centre county [illegible] and Hon. Charles [illegible] the others. Senator P[illegible] follows:

"W[illegible] was first [illegible] [illegible] could have [illegible] this pledge [illegible] carried out upon a [illegible] larger than the wildest promise.

"The prosperity of the American people under the Republican administration of the last six years, in the rapidity and unparalleled greatness of our industrial, commercial and agricultural development, has surpassed the imagination of anyone and is unequaled in the history of the world; and not only does this prosperity exist, but it is rapidly increasing. We have every assurance and reason to hope that if the political and governmental policies of the country are not disturbed our country will in a few years have attained an extraordinary growth in wealth, population and power.

Only one thing can check this splendid progress, and that is a change in these governmental policies under which we can point to these splendid achievements. No party of our community has benefitted more than have the agricultural classes. The farmer has in the last five years received a greater share of prosperity than any other representative of any other occupation. The value of the wheat, corn and oat crops in 1901 was nearly double that of 1896, the last year of the Cleveland administration. This is a startling statement, but it is based upon official figures which cannot be disputed. The farmer in 1901 received nearly double the amount of money for these three crops that he did in 1896, the last year of the Cleveland administration.

"This increase of farm values under Republican administration is not accidental. It is a matter of history that rural prosperity and Republican rule are coincident. It is equally a matter of history that agricultural depression and mortgage foreclosures and low prices for farm products accompany Democratic administration of national affairs!

THE FARMER A PIONEER.

"The American farmer has been the pioneer in establishing our Republic, which, notwithstanding all its defects, is the best government the world has ever known. Wherever, courage, skill, enterprise and labor have been required the farmer has been foremost in the fray. While other classes have been persistently demanding legislation to promote their own interests, the farmer has been foremost in directing legislation, not only in the interests of agriculture, but for the promotion of the well-being of all our people.

"For example, in the creation of the Department of Agriculture, which has become one of the most important divisions of our national government, provision has been made not only for searching every country of the world for a market for the farmer's products, but provision has also been made for increasing the productiveness of American soil by systematic experiment and by applying the principles of science to agriculture, and so the wealth, prosperity and happiness of all our people have been enhanced, for whatever benefits the agriculture of any country must prove a benefit to all her people.

"The farmers and the Grange in Pennsylvania have been foremost in securing legislation for the promotion and protection of the agricultural interests of our state, and, by the creation of the State Department of Agriculture, patterned after the national department, the farmer is given representation in the governor's cabinet, a privilege that is not accorded to any other class or industry in the commonwealth.

"When the farmers and the Grange demanded legislation creating this department the Republican party promptly took the matter up and in less than six weeks enacted it into a law.

"The organization of any new department of government is always attended with more or less difficulty. Until some settled policy is reached, methods which may not always prove the best must be tried, and oft-times the best friends of a measure may for a while suffer disappointment.

IMPORTANCE OF AGRICULTURE.

"There is no interest of greater importance to our country than that of agriculture. It is the fundamental business of our country; the leading commercial interest and the most important home industry. And not only are the people of the United States interested in American agriculture, but the whole world, because America is the granary of the world. Three-fourth of our entire exports are agricultural products. Thirty-seven millions of people of our country are engaged in agriculture. Yet, notwithstanding all the importance of agriculture to the prosperity of our institutions and our government, little protection is afforded to the farmer as compared with other classes. This is not so much owing to a disposition on the part of other classes or our legislative councils to discriminate against the farmer as it is the result of the growth and development of the resources of our country in transportation and transmission companies, mining, manufacturing, banking and merchandising.

"The farmers have been the pioneers of every country in the world. Before governments, cities and towns could exist the lands had to be denuded of their forests and brought under cultivation to make the development of other industries possible and in the rapid growth of our country, naturally many inequalities have arisen which for a time have placed greater hardships upon one class than upon another. The farmers, being the pioneers of civilization, have necessarily [illegible] the first to suffer [illegible] [illegible] when the colony of Pennsylvania was founded which later, under the development of civilization, grew into a state with an organized government requiring revenues for the administration of public affairs, the tax burdens necessarily fell upon real estate, farms and homes, as there was nothing else to tax. But in course of time manufactories, commerce and transportation became necessary and banking institutions to financier them, and when individuality and enterprise no longer had the capacity to manage them it became necessary to create great corporations and financial institutions with centralized ability to control them.

TAX REVISION IS NECESSARY.

"Under these conditions it also became necessary to tax these new enterprises for the privilege and protection accorded them by the state. But so rapid has been their growth and so powerful their influence that the state has scarcely kept pace with them in adjusting its new revenue policy to meet these new requirements, and as a result the real estate farmers and home owners have been and are now paying a disproportionate share of the public burdens.

"In meeting these new conditions and in correcting these growing inequalities, the Republican party has been foremost. In 1891 it amended the tax laws so as to relieve real estate of [illegible] for the state government proper; and on the other hand imposed on personal and corporate property and licenses for business privileges the entire expenses of the state government.

"But it soon became apparent that imposing the entire expense of the state government upon these subjects of taxation would not correct these great inequalities.

"It was in 1891 when the Grange took up this subject before the public and so forcibly pressed it before the legislature, under what was known as the Taggart or Grange Tax bill, that the Republican party came to the rescue and passed a compromise bill, known as the Boyer act, whereby taxes on corporate property were sufficiently increased to enable the state to appropriate $5,000,000 to our public schools annually and to return to the counties three-fourth of the personal property tax, amounting to two millions three hundred thousand dollars, also to secure for the counties and townships the entire retail liquor licenses, amounting to three million five hundred thousand dollars more, thus making an annual saving to the local taxpayers of eleven million three hundred thousand dollars.

"By this legislation the Republican party has saved for the real estate, farm and home owners, in the past eleven years, one hundred and twenty-four million three hundred thousand dollars.

"But notwithstanding all this great progress secured by the Republican party, as demanded by the Grange and real estate owners, in equalizing taxes, between the different industries for the necessary support of the several divisions of government, there are still great and unjust discriminations between the personal, corporate and real estate property holders which the Republican party stands pledged to correct in the future as guaranteed by its action in the past."

THE HUMAN FREAK.

How English Society Welcomed Him In the Eighteenth Century.

At the beginning of the eighteenth century the freak [illegible] was welcome in the very highest circles in England and it was a common thing to [illegible] the foot of play cards or handbills that [illegible] his attractions, "If any Person of Quality, Gentlemen or Ladies, do desire to see this remarkable person at their own Houses, they are desired to send timely notice, and he will be ready to wait upon them in a coach or chair anytime they please to appoint if in the day time." And certainly the freaks to be seen in those years make our own more limited modern collections insignificant by comparison.

The "painted prince," Giolo, who was for a season exhibited at the Blue Boar's Head, in Fleet street, was perhaps nothing very out of the way. He had a map of his own country and other geographical illustrations tattooed on his breast, but we do not lay much store by tattooed people even in these days, and his name [illegible] can hardly have suffered from his competition.

For how could a mere tattooed prince show to advantage in the same town with a Dutch gentleman whose mouth was under his chin and his eyes where his mouth should have been? How could he expect to do any business when close by, at the King's Head, in the Strand, there was a young man who possessed two bodies and only one head, and at Charing Cross there was a monster with a head like a [illegible] and a long tail like a serpent, "wherewith he feeds himself as an elephant doth with his trunk?"

The last years of the seventeenth and the first years of the eighteenth centuries were unquestionably the golden age for freaks. There was rather a slump in giants and dwarfs, so that unless the former were well over seven feet high and the latter under thirty inches they found it difficult to make both ends meet. But a [illegible] was half man and half beast [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] was considered [illegible].

[illegible] was a dwarf [illegible] feet and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] against the sun a man with one body and two heads, to say nothing of fire-proof ladies, pig faced ladies, spotted negroes, the woman with two heads, one above the other, or even of the gifted Spaniard who could "extend his mouth six inches" and turn it into the shape of a bird's beak and could loll his tongue out a foot long and "lick his nose with it like a cow."—London Standard.

Scotch Finger Posts.

The expression, "God bless the Duke of Argyll," has no reference to Scotch highlanders scratching their backs against posts erected for that purpose. Every reader of Macaulay, says the "Handy Book of Literary Curiosities," is familiar with the highlanders' special aptitude for the itch. The finger posts that line the highland highroads were ascribed, or said to be ascribed, by the grateful mountaineers to MacCallum More's anxiety to satisfy their longings for a satisfactory scratch. Hence the benediction of his grace.

In reality the posts had no such philanthropic origin. After the suppression of Mar's rebellion in 1715 it was resolved to open up the highlands by roads for military purposes. The glens and ideal uplands are liable to [illegible] and the tracks hidden [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of Argyll was [illegible] the most powerful man in the highlands and the main support of the loyalty, and the posts were, justly or otherwise, credited to him.

The whole story is probably a southland sneer at the highlanders' liability to cutaneous afflictions and their belief in the omnipotent power of their chiefs.

The Crafty Farmer.

It appears that an old farmer near Houghton owned a large pile of small stones, with which he wished to fill a ditch, but he had already got about as much work out of his boys as they were willing to do, especially as it was nearing the hour for a ball game. The old man was bound to have the stones moved, anyhow, and so, pretending to have discovered a nest of snakes in the ditch, began stoning the place where the snakes were alleged to be. The boys, who a few minutes before were weary and listless, were now all life and animation. Each threw stones as fast as he could grab them, and the pile was soon in the ditch. There are two morals to this story—first, when you set about killing a snake throwing stones is a gladsome occupation; second, in selecting a father be careful not to choose a liar.—Detroit Tribune.

A Difference.

An American girl, pretty and bright, had been spending some time in Leamington, England.

The afternoon before her departure she suddenly remembered that several books from the public library should be returned. She took the volumes, sallied forth and presently encountered a young Englishman whose acquaintance, though brief, had not been without attraction.

"Really, now, how queer you American girls are!" he said. "Now, I suppose if you were at home, walking on Fifth avenue, you would never be seen with a fellow lugging all these books."

"Certainly not," she quickly and archly answered. "If I were in America, the gentleman would be carrying them."

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. [illegible], February Term, 1902.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Mary Williams did, on the [illegible] day of January, 1902, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Major Williams.

We therefore command you, the said Major Williams, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean on the first Monday of October next to answer the petition or libel of Mary Williams and show cause, if any you have, why the said Mary Williams, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

WILLIAM B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 9, 1902.

Bolton & Gallup, Libellant's Attorneys.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 121, February Term, 1902.

McKEAN COUNTY ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Carrie B. Leggett did, on the 20th day of January, 1902, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you Chapin W. Leggett.

We therefore command you, the said Chapin W. Leggett, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the first Monday of October next to answer the petition or libel of Carrie B. Leggett and show cause, if any you have, why the said Carrie B. Leggett, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

WILLIAM B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 9, 1902.

C. E. Judd, Libellant's Attorney.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. [illegible], February Term, 1902.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Nettie M. Cowan did, on the [illegible] day of December, 1901, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Dale Cowan.

We therefore command you, the said Dale Cowan, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean on the first Monday of October next to answer the petition or libel of Nettie M. Cowan and show cause, if any you have, why the said Nettie M. Cowan, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

WILLIAM B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 9, 1902.

[illegible]

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 2, December Term, 1901.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Lucy L. Bracken did on the 20th day of October, 1901, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, William R. Bracken.

We therefore command you, the said William R. Bracken, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean, on the first Monday of October next to answer the petition or libel of Lucy L. Bracken and show cause, if any you have, why the said Lucy L. Bracken, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

WILLIAM B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 9, 1902.

J. R. Haughney, Libellant's Attorney.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 44, February Term, 1902.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Martha E. Wakefield did on the 19th day of December, 1901, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, Perry L. Wakefield.

We therefore command you, the said Perry L. Wakefield that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of McKean on the first Monday of October next, to answer the petition or libel of Martha E. Wakefield and show cause, if any you have, why the said Martha E. Wakefield, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

WILLIAM B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 9, 1902.

Mervin & Mervin, Libellant's Attorneys.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 27, February Term, 1902.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Martha Wyvell did on the 12th day of December, 1901, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, William J. Wyvell, Jr.

We therefore command you, the said William J. Wyvell, Jr., that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the first Monday of October next to answer the petition or libel of Martha Wyvell and show cause, if any you have, why the said Martha Wyvell your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy.

WILLIAM B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 9, 1902.

Shaffer & Shaffer, Libellant's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF ADMINistrators, Executors and Guardians, having been settled in the office of the Register the same will be presented for confirmation at an Orphans' Court to be held at Smethport in and for the county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, on the first Monday of October, A. D., 1902:

The first and final account of R. M. Klingensmith, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Elmer E. Klingensmith, deceased.

First and final account of Margaret F. Greer, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of R. P. Greer, deceased.

First and final account of John E. Dusenbury, Executor of the last Will and Testament of E. P. Dalrymple, who was one of the Executors of the estate of F. H. Arnold, deceased.

First and final account of Nathan Snyder, Administrator of the estate of Amanda Melvina Foster, deceased.

Final account of J. R. Goonenough, Guardian of James Ward, minor child of Thomas Ward, deceased.

GEORGE W. MITCHELL, Register,
H. M. CHOATE, Deputy.

Smethport, Pa., September 8th, 1902.

Wheeler & Wilson

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Wholesale and Retail Dealer.

"REMEMBER NATHALIE"

By... Justin Huntly McCarthy

[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER VIII.

THERE are not many fairer sights in the world than the entrance to New York harbor. As the vessel slowly steams between those smiling shores where the wooded hills infold as many sunny spots of greenery as did the pleasure place of Kubla Khan, the traveler who makes his approach for the first time may well be excused for any amount of enthusiastic admiration.

Even the most traveled and habitual of ocean vo[illegible] would find it [illegible]cult not to experience a delight in the sight of that fair landscape even if its every hill and creek is as familiar to him as Broadway or Bond street, even if he could repeat the roll call of the owners of every handsome villa on the hillsides as readily and as accurately as the Greek rhapsodists of old time prided the[illegible] on repeating the H[illegible] of ships.

Those [illegible] favored by fortune [illegible] New York harbor on a fine [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Van D[illegible] [illegible]

"I [illegible]," answered Jack [illegible] [illegible] Mrs. Van Duyten so did to night [illegible] promptly to a conclusion.

"All those [illegible] [illegible]

Mrs. Van Duyten [illegible] glove [illegible]

"[illegible] just you wait a bit, young man, till we've got you ashore for awhile and see if we don't fix you up some sights that will go clean ahead of this. Yes, sir."

And Mrs. Van Duyten brought her hand sharply down on to her knee in emphatic indorsement of her statement and smiled caressingly upon the pleasant landscape that lay before her.

Jack beamed sympathetically and was about to express further sentiments calculated to arouse emotion in the transatlantic breast when the group was increased by the arrival of Mr. Van Duyten and the two girls, with Judge in their company.

Eyleen was talking with her usual animation to Judge, in whose honest breast there was no small regret at the prospect of being deprived in so short a time of her sweet society. He was the most philosophical of sea captains. He thought that he had long ago attuned his mind to the formation of pleasant friendships which grew with exotic rapidity on board ship and then vanished forever out of his life as evanescent as the odor of the violet—"the perfume and suppliance of a moment, no more, indeed," he quoted to himself grimly under his breath.

He had long since assured himself that as his life was so inevitably a sure succession of meetings and partings he must take such meetings and partings as lightly as a healthy man takes waking and sleeping. Yet here he was, for all his sea stoicism, with an odd sense of something akin to wretchedness hanging over him like an ugly shadow.

"If you knew how ill all's here about my heart," he said to himself sadly and then went on bitterly, "'tis such a kind of gaingiving as might perhaps trouble a woman."

Judge's weakness was for Shakespeare. He had little time for reading, and he had made up his mind years earlier that Shakespeare was the best of all reading, so he read little else and knew him well nigh by heart and talked to himself in citations from the beloved author. He quoted him now with a kind of sour satisfaction in mocking his miserable mood as he looked into Eyleen's bright, beautiful face and thought what a fool he was. But no shadow of his thoughts stirred the composure of his face as he talked to the girl indifferently of the places they had passed and of New York and its people and pleasures.

The decks had completely lost their look of lazy, happy tranquillity and on this morning had assumed an aspect of hustling activity. The lounging, picturesque passengers of the last week seemed to have been transformed as by magic into hurrying, everyday travelers.

The ship's company might well be likened to the inhabitants of that Arabian city which suddenly fell asleep in the midst of its daily occupations and as suddenly awoke again to gather up the threads of life where it had dropped them.

There were doubtless many on board the Atlantis who had been thankful for the week of ocean calm, bringing its sea dreams and clearing away from heart and brain the smoke of [illegible], rushing life in London, and who would have been glad to prolong yet a few days their dream of restfulness.

There were a few sad faces on deck, but on the whole the ship's human freight seemed to have shaken off the spell which had bound it and was viewing with cheerful expectancy the great world of America as it rose up before the vessel.

The dock was thronging with people [illegible] superintending the [illegible] [illegible]

Judge, too, with [illegible] and perhaps by his own mood, noted Flavian's absence and commented on it.

"Where is Mr. H[illegible]?" [illegible]

[illegible] "He will not appear [illegible]" [illegible] All [illegible]

He wished he had not spoken [illegible] Mrs. Van Duyten took the matter [illegible] [illegible]

"I wonder he is not here," [illegible] toward the poop, where the German professor was perched, puffing his huge pipe complacently.

The professor saw the gesture and apparently took it at once as a salutation or summons, for he climbed down from his post and came toward the group, whom he saluted comprehensively.

Jack repeated to the newcomer his surprise at Flavian's tardiness, and the professor shared in it. It really was curious, for the Atlantis was now almost alongside the dock, and a steam tug from the shore was making its snorting and puffing way toward the vessel.

Probably he had overslept himself, the professor suggested, and he hinted that it would be only civil to wake him up and let him know that the ship had reached her destination.

"He must be a sound sleeper," said Judge, laughing, "if he can command his slumbers through all the row that is now going on."

He admitted, however, that it might be well to wake him and talked of sending the steward, but Jack Harris volunteered to go himself and promptly disappeared down stairs.

He had not been gone more than a few seconds when he appeared on the deck again, staggering like a drunken man, his face white with terror and his outstretched hands trembling painfully.

He rushed wildly up to the group he had just quitted and cried hoarsely as he reeled on to a seat: "Dead, dead! My God, he's dead! Murdered!"

For a moment those who heard him gazed at each other with pale faces, and from all parts of the deck people hurried to where they were standing.

Then a woman's voice broke the silence with a terrible cry of pain, and Rhoda darted from those about her and rushed swiftly down below.

Instantly Judge was after her, but even his practiced feet were no match for her maddened speed, and he only came up with her at the open door of Flavian's cabin.

There she stood for one moment, looking in, and then, with a low groan, dropped in a helpless heap at the foot of the bed.

Judge, just behind her, saw her fall and stooped to lift her. Behind him an excited throng filled the saloon and choked the entrance to the cabin. Those in front saw what had happened and shuddered with fear.

On the bed lay Flavian, dead.

The body was on its back in an attitude of still, untroubled repose, the arms stretched tranquilly down outside the coverlet. The handle of a dagger stuck out of his breast just above the heart, and a blackened stream of blood ran down from the clean stab in the nightshirt and stiffened linen to the chill flesh beneath.

The eyes were staring open and upward in the fixed regard of dissolution. On the cheeks and upon the dark hairs of the beard, as yet unshaved, had grown since death and contrasted horribly in their blue shadow with the livid pallor of the face.

Judge, who was nearest to the body, could see that a bit of paper was between the hilt of the knife and the bosom of the nightdress. Whoever had struck the blow had driven the weapon through the paper and the body at once. Whoever had struck the blow had struck it well and had killed his victim instantly, with that single stroke sped straight and unerringly to the heart.

Judge lifted up the senseless girl and handed her to Van Duyten, who bore her away. Then, with the assistance of some of his officers, he [illegible] the crowd away and left a watch at the cabin door that the room might be left [illegible] until the police [illegible] inspected the scene of the crime, for a crime it undoubtedly was. [illegible] No suicide [illegible] could have driven that dagger so [illegible] into the dead man's heart. [illegible] murder. Where was the [illegible]

When Judge came on deck he [illegible] Jack Harris the center of a [illegible] of passengers listening while [illegible] what he had seen to an [illegible] reporter who had come [illegible] to interview him.

Judge at once sent [illegible] to communicate with the p[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Then came the news of the [illegible]

[illegible] "By order of the [illegible] Nathalie." [illegible]

* * * * * * *

[illegible] New York [illegible] was being slowly brought back to life by Eyleen, and he knew the cause.

The large circle of the Van Duytens' acquaintance only knew that Miss Van Duyten had suffered terribly from seeing by mistake the dead body of a fellow traveler on board the Atlantis with whom she had had some slight intimacy and that the shock to her nerves had almost prostrated her.

The whole episode was at first a little annoying to Jack Harris, as it took off considerably from the personal eclat of his own arrival, but he soon found that his special knowledge of all the actors in the grim tragedy gave him additional interest in New York eyes so long as the news was novel.

The novelty of the news soon wore off. A great trotting match first shook its popularity. A dramatic divorce case enlivened with a little shooting distracted public attention further. The arrival of a beautiful English actress and a popular London preacher banished it entirely from memory.

It was only remembered by Judge, by the Van Duytens, who went abroad after Rhoda's comparative recovery, and by Jack Harris, who occasionally made good use of the theme in his lecture on artistic emotion.

THE END.

THE COOKBOOK

If the pastry be slow in browning, throw a little sugar on the oven shelf. This will expedite matters greatly.

If the skin of a beet root has got broken, sear the part with a redhot iron before cooking it. This will prevent the beet from bleeding.

The next time tomato soup is planned for the family dinner try adding a few slices of orange just before serving and enjoy the pleasant flavor which they impart.

Eggplant is most palatable when broiled. Cut into thick slices, with the skin on; dip in olive oil seasoned with salt and pepper and cook on wire broiler over a clear fire five or ten minutes.

When a cake contains too much flour or has baked too fast, it will sink from the edges or rise up sharply, with a crack in the middle. If cake has a coarse grain, it was not beaten enough or the oven was too slow.

If you like cocoanut pyramids, beat the whites of two eggs till light and stiff; mix with two cupfuls of grated cocoanut, one cupful of powdered sugar and two tablespoonfuls of flour; make into pyramids and bake brown.

Petitions and addresses to the sovereign or to members of the houses of parliament, if not over two pounds in weight, are exempt from postage.

THE GUARDIAN of THE GOLD

By WILLIS EMERY

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THERE was a combination freight and express car on a siding below the station, and Horton knew that it was going east with the 3:30 train. He thought that he might find a way to go with it unobserved—to steal a ride, like a tramp, as he phrased it to himself.

As to destination, he was not particular. The important matter was to get away. He had been discharged from the service of the railroad under suspicion of dishonesty, and everybody knew it or would know it very soon. An express envelope containing a small sum of money had been stolen. It would have been possible for Horton to commit the theft, but he had not done it. However, he was known to have lost at cards and to be hard pressed, so that was the end of it.

It was a dark, gusty evening. Low, scurrying clouds grazed the top of the hill like frightened birds in their mad speed away into the east. The noise of the wind would drown any ordinary sound, and Horton stepped upon the [illegible] of the car without [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Wiggin [illegible] gold [illegible] the edge of the chest [illegible] revolver. [illegible]



"OH, IT'S YE, IS IT?"

ever, as soon as Banks had walked away, but he avoided the light that came through the door.

He was saying to himself that Wiggin had always seemed to like him and would very likely give him a chance to ride in the freight end of the car.

"I'll ask him anyway," he said. "I'd rather do that than try to turn a trick. A man caught stealing a ride on this car tonight is likely to get shot."

He rose from his crouching posture, and at this moment a gust of wind struck him with the crushing weight of a solid body. It hurled him against the door, through it, in fact, and he came into the presence of the astonished Wiggin attended by a small whirlwind laden with sand and cinders.

Wiggin jumped up, revolver in hand, and his clay pipe rattled on the floor. Then he sat down again calmly.

"Oh, it's ye, is it?" he said. "Shut the door."

"Sile," said Horton, "you know what's happened to me. I want to get out of here, and I'm broke."

"Oh, ye want to git out, do ye?" responded Silas. "What for?"

"What for?" echoed Horton. "Why"—He paused and raised one hand as if listening. Wiggin slowly rose to his feet, his eyes meeting Horton's as the eyes of men in the first moment of mutual peril always meet.

"We're movin'!" he exclaimed, and, pushing Horton aside, he sprang out upon the platform.

"Ain't the brake set?" cried Horton in the teeth of the wind.

"It ain't holdin'. Help me!" was the response.

The two men heaved at the brake wheel, but produced no perceptible result. The car in the grip of the squall was by this time off the siding and well started down the steep grade of the main track.

"If we get 'round the bend at the rock," said Wiggin, "we're all right. There's a rise beyond."

"We won't," answered Horton. And the next instant the flying car left the rails.

At the first shock Horton went backward through the door. There was a



[illegible]

The young [illegible] was [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] "Dead?" [illegible]

[illegible] the chest and [illegible] head in his hands. [illegible]

[illegible] said Silas. "You've got to run [illegible] bank [illegible]

"But—" reiterated Horton. "I can't stand. My leg's broke."

Silas whistled softly and long.

"Say," he cried at last, "did ye hear anything said between me an' Banks jus' before ye came into the car? Ye might 'a' been on the platform, ye know."

"I was," replied Horton. "I know that there's a hundred thousand dollars in gold in this chest I'm leaning against."

"Well, well," said Silas. "What are we goin' to do? The Creekers probably heard us come over the bank, an' they'll be a-top of us soon's they can get across."

He pointed to the lighted cabins on the opposite bank of the creek.

"You've got a gun," said Horton.

Silas came up alongside the chest and whispered as if there might have been listeners in the bushes.

"It's broke," he said. "It won't work. I must 'a' fallen on it somehow. But take it an' make the best bluff ye can. Don't let 'em get the chest. I don't think they could open it anyhow in time. It's got an iron sheath inside. But I tell ye what they'd do. They'd load it aboard that big punt—see her tied up to the bank on this side?—an' they'd float down the creek to some safe place where they'd have half the night to work in. That would be their game. Don't let 'em do it. But I say," he added as he turned away, "don't push the bluff too far. Don't let 'em kill ye."

"You leave it to me," said Horton as the other started to run up the bank.

Alone, Horton essayed to drag himself up on top of the chest. To his surprise, the injured leg seemed greatly better. Something had struck across the thigh and paralyzed it for the moment, but the effect was passing away. He could stand, and in half a minute he could walk fairly well.

Suddenly a great wave of thought swept over his mind. Disgraced, branded as a thief, he was alone with this fortune. Suppose he should follow the plan so kindly outlined by the trustful Silas. The chest was heavy. It must have weighed something like 500 pounds, yet Horton had often lifted more than that in mere pride of his strength. To drag that weight down a steep, smooth bank and tumble it somehow into a broad, low sided boat ought to be possible for him.

He took hold of one of the strong handles of the chest and dragged it a little way. Then he stopped and sat down on it.

"No," said he aloud; "not if it was a million."

Horton sat down on the chest and waited. Ten minutes passed, and then he became aware of two men in the mouth of a path through the bushes. Even in the uncertain moonlight they were Creekers beyond a shadow of doubt.

Horton raised his useless weapon.

"Don't you fellers come any nigher," he said.

"It's the express car!" cried one of the [illegible] excitedly. "It's the car they put the gold in! The wind must 'a' blown it loose."

Horton [illegible] upon what Banks had said about the [illegible] of information [illegible] by the Creekers.

"Never mind what she is," he said, on one knee behind the chest. "You fellers stand back."

A parley ensued which seemed meaningless to Horton until an unexpected and painful explanation of it was thrust upon him. A third member of the gang who had been making a strategic detour while the others held Horton's attention suddenly precipitated himself upon the young man's back. An instant later all three were upon him, and he was helpless. His arms were strapped behind him with a leather belt, and his legs were similarly secured.

"It's a strong box, boys," said one of the Creekers, bending over the chest. "We can't open it here. We ain't got much time."

"Load it into the boat and take it down stream," said another. "That's our only show."

They began to struggle with the chest and Horton with his bonds. Tears of rage were in the young man's eyes.

"If I get loose," he said to himself, "I'll slaughter the whole three of 'em. It's in me to do it."

The belt around his arms snapped with a loud noise. He sprang to his feet, forgetting that his legs were tied, and fell in a heap. An instant later, however, he was free. He ran down the bank, but the chest was already in the boat and the men had pushed out into the swift current.

For a moment Horton meditated the folly of [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] said Silas, [illegible] [illegible]



"DON'T YOU FELLERS COME ANY NIGHER!"

ers was bound to think the whole plunder was there. Either way the gold was safe—as safe as I could make it. The chest is full of fossils for Columbia college in New York."

"And you thought that I might"—Horton began.

"Never mind what I thought," responded Wiggin. "Now I know. An' if I don't square ye with the company, my name ain't Silas Wiggin."

"Why, what do you mean?"

"I waited just a bit," said Silas, with his hand on the other's shoulder. "I waited till ye said, 'Not if it was a million.'"

Old Age and Appetite.

An English scientist deprecates increased eating as a means of keeping up the strength of those who are advancing in years and particularly objects to the repeated and general use of concentrated forms of animal nourishment for the aged. Overnourishment in old age is apt to lead to pains and aches due to the impairment of excretion, and a long protracted course of overfeeding will end in an attack of gout. Even artificial teeth are not to be considered an unmixed blessing, for by a provision of nature the teeth begin to decay and become useless just when the system begins to thrive without much animal food of coarse fiber. Indigestion, says the scientist, is mostly not a disease, but an admonition. "It is the language of the stomach and is mostly an unknown tongue to those who are addressed." It means that the individual has not yet found his appropriate diet. "There is no food whatever which is wholesome in itself. That food is wholesome which is so to the individual."

On Its Own Merits.

A young man who spent his summer vacation [illegible] that [illegible] of the [illegible] less of [illegible] intrusting themselves [illegible] to [illegible].

One [illegible] was on board of unexpected [illegible] the hostess [illegible] she afterward frankly said, "put to it" to provide enough food for dinner. She brought forward among other things an apple pie which seemed to the boarder far inferior to the pies she usually made. But when she served it she spoke of her reputation as a piemaker.

"They do say at the [illegible] that nobody's pies quite come up to mine," she remarked, with a beaming smile, "and apple pies are what you might call my specialty. I've often been asked for the recipe, but I tell 'em it's knack and judgment does it, not rule."

The pie disappeared, and then, when her guests were not as hungry as they had been, she brought forth a second pie, flaky of crust and luscious to the taste.

"Why, Aunt Mary," said the youngest of the party, a boy of twelve, "I think this pie's ever so much better than the other, and you haven't said a word about it!"

His aunt looked at him without so much as a twinkle in her eyes.

"This pie will go down without praising, I reckon," she said gravely.

The Necessity of Mystery.

To be content in utter darkness and ignorance is indeed [illegible], and therefore we think that to love light and find knowledge must be always right. Yet as in all matters before observed, wherever pride has any share in the work even knowledge and light may be ill pursued. Knowledge is good and light is good, yet man perished in seeking knowledge and the moths perish in seeking light, and if we who are crushed before the moth will not accept such mystery as is needful to us we shall perish in like manner. None but the proud, will [illegible] over this, for we may always know more if we choose by working on, but the pleasure is, I think, to [illegible] [illegible] to know [illegible] that the [illegible] is [illegible] of, the treasure inexhaustible.—"Lamps of Architecture." Ruskin.

Conversations.

"What's the matter, dear?"

"N[illegible]"

"Yes, there is!"

"No, that is nothing to you."

"Come, tell me."

"I was thinking couldn't you eat your breakfast once without reading the paper."

"You know I have to hurry."

"There was a time"—

"Now, now."

"I scarcely ever see your face."

"But surely you don't object"—

"Yes, I do. It's horrid of you."

"But this is Monday morning, and"—

"Precisely. It's Monday morning, and you know I like to look at the advertisements on Monday morning."—New York Herald.

Needed, Too, Apparently.

Teacher—Now, what do you understand by brain work?

Boy—When a man works with his head.

Teacher—Correct. And what is manual labor?

Boy—When a man works with his hands.

Teacher—That's right. To which of these classes do I belong when I teach you? What do I use most in teaching you?

Boy—A strap.

Grandma's Object Lesson.

"My, my, my!" said the little girl's grandmother. "You mustn't make so much fuss when you have your hair combed. When I was a little girl, I had my hair combed three or four times every day."

"Yes," said the child, pointing at the poor little gray knot on the back of the good old lady's head, "and see what you've got for it!"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Kisses.

An old sea captain, under the impression that he was saying a good thing, asked a lady passenger why men never kiss one another, while ladies waste a world of kisses on feminine faces.

"Because," the lady replied, "the men have something better to kiss and the women haven't."

The Inevitable.

"Do as I tell you," Tommy's mamma cried. "It's about time you realized the futility of struggling against the inevitable. Do you know what that means?"

"Yes'm," replied Tommy. "It means there's no use o' your washin' my hands an' face 'cause they'll only get dirty again."

His Taste.

The landlady was speaking.

"Mr. Barnstorme, how do you like your eggs?"

The tragedian's face relaxed into an expression of joy.

"Hard boiled!" he cried. Until that moment people had willfully mistaken his taste.—Baltimore Herald.

In a Close Place.

"How do you manage to live within your income, Briggs? Don't you feel cramped?"

"Cramped, did you say? Why, I have got to go out and borrow $10 every time I want to stretch myself."—Smart Set.

When People Laugh.

People laugh when they are amused, when they think people expect them to be amused and when they don't want to be rude and don't know what else to do.—Los Angeles Herald.

The Money-Back Cough Syrup.

Means a lot to people who are tired of experimenting with the "ordinary" cough preparations—you are not out a cent if Dr. George Leininger's For-mal-de-hyde Cough Cure does not please you. It will cure consumption and all serious and stubborn lung and throat diseases. Sold at 25c on a guarantee by J. W. Voorhees.

ROMANCE OF INVENTION.

Stevens and His T Rail and Cunard's Clipper Ship Model.

Robert Livingston Stevens sailed from New York to Liverpool before the advent of the ocean steamer. In those days the passage took two months, and Stevens passed many an hour, jackknife in one hand and a piece of wood in the other, brooding over a problem that had often worried him: how to run a railroad without stone stringers for tracks. He wanted to get an iron rail that would "hold" and would take the place of the thin strips fastened to the chair of the roadbed. Just before he reached England his whittling revealed to him the solution of his problem, and that solution took the form of a T rail with a broad base that could be applied direct to a solid wood support. That T rail is still in use on all railways of the world.

The elder Cunard, who was apprenticed as a lad to a Scotch shipbuilder, is said to have amused himself in whittling the hulls of vessels. Occasionally he would fit one of these with masts, sails and rigging complete. Tired of familiar types, he would experiment with new ships, and one of these it was that attracted the attention of his master, because it would not maintain its upright position in the water. Experiments were made to ballast it in order to give it the proper trim. The clipper-like shape and graceful long lines of the model promised great speed. Such is said to be the origin of the standard model of the Cunard and later ocean greyhounds.—Chicago News.

The Slow Tortoise.

The sluggish motions of common land tortoises or "turtles" lead many persons to underrate their intelligence. This "ridiculous slowness," however, arises from the animal's peculiar structure and is no proof of dullness.

The legs of a turtle look more like crutches than legs, and, though the feet form a strong grappling apparatus for pulling away a heavy weight, who could expect swiftness from such feet? Some large tortoises nevertheless make long journeys with more rapidity than might seem possible.

In the Galapagos islands tortoises were found by Mr. Darwin able to travel four miles a day, a rate of progress not despicable in creatures provided with such legs—creatures, too, so heavy that six men were often required to lift one of them.

Arsenical Poisoning.

Arsenic, so deadly in acute poisoning, is also greatly dangerous to those who use it in their daily work. Much cheap wall paper is colored with arsenic. Chronic poison by it in its earlier stages is particularly disagreeable. The eyes, nose and throat are inflamed so that the patient continually complains of having a cold in the head. A cold in the head was not one of the ten plagues inflicted upon the Egyptians—probably because they had done nothing to deserve such a terrible infliction.

As arsenical poisoning progresses the person suffering with it is salivated. He shows nervous symptoms. His limbs may be numb or, on the other hand, painfully awake to the slightest sensation. He faints, he has convulsions, he dies of exhaustion.

The Inducement.

The Sister—I have become engaged to Fred.

The Brother—Whatever induced you to do that?

The Sister—Why, Fred, of course!

Beyond Measure

the most satisfactory

Groceries

in this town are obtainable in our store.

We are a little fussy on the point of quality. We rather prefer to draw trade by the reason of that high grade than by cheap prices. Extremely low figures will not buy staple goods anywhere.

Our GROCERIES are sold at reasonable prices, because we are satisfied with reasonable prices.

SHEPARD & GALLUP,
The Leading Grocers.

Model Restaurant

Warm Meals and Quick Lunches at all hours.

We serve to please the people with the best the market affords.

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies & Ice Cream.

Oysters in season.

Give us a call.

Harrington & Welch.

F. W. CROWLEY,

Fine Tailoring,

ELDRED, PA.

Our facilities are unexcelled.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

GROCERIES.

The first precaution to be taken in buying Groceries is to be sure they are

FRESH AND PURE.

Our stock is constantly changing so no goods stay on our shelves long. This assures fresh groceries at all times.

As to purity, we will look out for that. No goods that are not pure and in every way fit to use goes into our store, and of course more goes out.

Call and see our stock and select what you need and we will deliver it promptly.

J. COLEGROVE,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Next to Bank.

What Do You Want?

If it is anything in the plumbing line I have it, from a 10 cent match to a $100 water heater. It makes no difference what you want I can furnish it. If it is not in stock I can get it for you in the shortest possible time.

And as for men to do the work I have as good as there are in the country. Call and see.

EDGAR W. STRONG,

BOTH 'PHONES. RUBIN BLOCK. **Smethport.**

Mrs. Mary L. Bisett

has a new line of goods on her counter at the

5 & 10 Cent Store

that are the greatest values ever shown in town. You should not miss this attractive and useful line.

Stationery

This line is the finest ever shown in town for the money and will go rapidly. Call and see before it is too late.

Mary L. Bisett,

Hungiville Block,

Smethport.



Shattered Health

can be repaired. There are remedies, if not certain cures, here for every ailment under the sun. Our stock of

Drugs and Medicines

is the most complete in the city. May be necessary for the physician to decide what the medicine shall be. We can fill his

Prescriptions

by compounding accurately the purest and freshest drugs. What cannot be found in our line of Proprietary Articles cannot be considered the best. We carry all that are good.

L. K. Hogarth & Co.

Leading Druggists.

Opp. Court House, SMETHPORT.

HOTELS.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

JAMES McGUIRE, PROP'R.

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

HOTEL IMPERIAL.

Main street, Smethport, Pa., Daniel Bacon, Proprietor.

This House has recently been greatly improved in all its appointments, making it one of the most convenient hotels in the country. Good beds and attentive clerks. The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

THE FLEMING HOTEL,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF BANK,

KANE - - PA.

This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style.

First-class accommodations for the traveling public.

M. B. PIERCE, Proprietor.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA

Having recently purchased the above Hotel, and made extensive improvements, I am prepared to cater to the traveling public.

C. S. KING, PROPRIETOR.

CHADWICK HOUSE,

D. R. McDONALD Proprietor

Larabee, Penn'a.

First-class in every respect

Well supplied Bar.

Reasonable Rates.

COMMERCIAL HOUSE,

W. V. PROVIN, Prop'r.

125 Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

Remodeled, repainted and refurnished throughout. The COMMERCIAL is complete in all its arrangements. I am prepared to cater to the wants of the general public. Give me a call.

BAYER HOUSE,

CLERMONT, PENNA

This house has just been rebuilt and refurnished. The tables are supplied with the best the market affords and the accommodations are all that can be desired. The bar is supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars.

BOYD & SMITH, Proprietors.

BARBER SHOP,

Alfred Sturdveint.

Next door to Gallup's Store, Main St.

Shaving and Hair Dressing

—In the latest style of Art—

None but first class workmen employed. Alfred Sturdveint, Surgeon Chiropodist. Corns removed in a few minutes without pain or soreness. Also treatment for Bunions and ingrowing nails.

BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. JOHN FORREST.

Hamlin & Forrest

LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the lands of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly Keating & Co.) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

Gorton & Richmond.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. All legal business given prompt attention.

Smethport, Pa.

Bouton & Gallup.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.—All legal business promptly and carefully attended to. Office over Hamlin's Bank, Smethport, Pa.

E. L. Keenan.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office adjoining Residence, Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

All legal business attended to promptly.

E. R. Mayo & Son.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office in Odd Fellows' Building, over the Post Office, Smethport, Pa. Office connected with long distance telephone.

E. R. Sherman.

PENSION ATTORNEY AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Claims for Bounty, Back Pay, Pensions, &c., both War of the Rebellion and Spanish War claims given prompt attention. Special attention given to both widow's and invalid claims under the act of May 9, 1900. Office No. 30 Main street, Bradford, Pa. Telephone 302-B.

Physicians.

H. L. McCoy.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in I. O. O. F. Block, Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

John Clark, M. D. C. M.

Office and Residence in Clark Block, Smethport, Pa. Office Hours, 8 to 10 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

W. A. Ostrander, Ph. G., M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Office and Residence over Lemmler's harness shop.

Day or Night Calls promptly attended to.

G. E. Bonninghoff.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, 21 Main St., Bradford, Pa. Special attention given to surgery and surgical diseases of women. Office hours from 1:30 to 3:30 and 7 to 8 p. m.

J. C. Brown.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and Residence one door East of Catholic Parsonage, Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

ROBERT HAMILTON, M. D., C. M.

Office hours—8 to 9 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

Office and Residence in Reilly Block, second floor, Smethport, Pa.

Dr. E. R. Baker,

DENTIST.

Teeth extracted without pain. All kinds of dental work done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

Office over McCoy's Drug Store.

Mrs. S. S. Woodbury,

47 Mechanic St. - - - - Bradford, Pa.

Finest and Medium Grade Millinery.

At prices far below the high rent district. Also we do French Accordian Plaiting 1 to 48 inches, Guaranteed equal to New York City Work. Mail and Express Orders Returned Promptly.

Official Directory

STATE.

Governor—William A. Stone.

Lieutenant Governor—J. P. S. Gobin.

State Treasurer—Frank G. Harris.

Auditor General—Levi G. McCauley.

Sec'y of Internal Affairs—James Latta.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—Thomas A. Morrison, Smethport.

Member of Congress—J. C. Sibley, Venango.

State Senator—Myron Matson, Bradford.

Member of Assembly—E. A. Boyne, Bradford.

District Attorney—John P. Melvin, Bradford, Pa.

Sheriff—William B. Clarke, Smethport.

Prothonotary—G. W. Mitchell, Bradford.

County Treasurer—A. W. Boyd, Bradford.

Commissioners—A. M. Boardman, Smethport, Albert Peterson, Kane; Thos. F. Hungiville, Smethport.

Com'rs Clerk—S. D. Weaver, Kane.

Jury Com'rs—Walter Ostrander, Wm. Broder.

Auditors—A. L. Gallup, Smethport; B. G. Battle, Port Allegany; James Devlin, Bradford.

Coroner—B. H. Hall, M. D., Bradford.

County School Superintendent—J. E. Myers, Smethport.

BOROUGH.

Burgess—E. W. Brownell.

Council—James A. McKean, president; Mrs. J. Colegrove, secretary; W. F. Walsh, treasurer; Charles McKean, C. Herzog, Alfred Hagberg, Thomas Camp, J. A. Yerdon.

Justices—B. L. Knapp, W. Stark.

Constable—C. N. Bates.

High Constable—Andrew Ness.

School Directors—E. R. Mayo, president; Jno. N. Apple, treasurer; F. D. Gallup, secretary; W. F. Specht, H. W. Rabin, Oscar Engstrom.

Collector—Carl Sasse.

Assessor—J. A. Holden.

Auditors—R. C. Sasse, John Eastman, Alex Clarke.

Judge of Election—H. R. Henderson.

Inspectors of Election—Samuel Green, F. H. [illegible].

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 388, meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

GEO. W. MITCHELL, W. M.

W. F. SPECHT, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. 389, meets Friday evenings at 8:00 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. Will work Initiatory degree first meeting of each month; 1st degree on second; 2nd degree on third, and 3rd degree on fourth meetings.

WM. [illegible], N. G.

W. G. HOLFER, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment, No. [illegible], meets first and third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.

[illegible], Chief Patriarch.

H. McCLOSKEY, Scribe.

G. A. R.—[illegible] Post, No. [illegible], meets first and third [illegible] of each month at [illegible] Hall.

[illegible] MAYO, Com.

H. L. BURLINGAME, Adjutant.

W. R. C.—Meets every Thursday afternoon at I. O. O. F. Hall.

MRS. ADELE CROSBY, Pres't.

MRS. ROSE PIERCE, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.—Smethport Lodge, No. 185, meets Tuesday evening of each month in Keiss Hall.

Z. U. GIFFORD, M. W.

J. C. GALLUP, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.—Smethport Tent, No. 9, meets every second and fourth Tuesday evening at 7:30 in I. O. O. F. Hall.

H. C. WELLS, Com.

W. H. MORRISON, R. K.

L. O. T. M.—Brown Hive, No. 48, meets in I. O. O. F. Hall, Thursday afternoons.

MOLLIE F. PIERCE, Com.

LIZZIE F. HOLDER, R. K.

C. M. B. A.—Smethport Branch 33, meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at W. C. T. U. Hall, Backus block, at 7:30 p. m.

JAMES LYNCH, Pres't.

THOMAS CLARK, Re. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.—Meets every Wednesday afternoon at 3:00 p. m., in the M. E. chapel.

MISS S. A. SCULL, Pres't.

MRS. M. E. RICHMOND, Sec'y.

P. H. C.—Smethport Branch, No. 25, meets on every Tuesday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.

C. M. COLEGROVE, Pres.

MARY A. DENNING, Sec'y.

Phoenix Chapter No. 15, O. E. S.—Meets first and third Thursdays in each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.

MRS. W. F. SPECHT, W. M.

MRS. L. T. COLEGROVE, Sec'y.

I. O. R. M.—Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall. Adoption degree 1st Monday; Warrior's degree 2nd Monday; Chief's degree 3rd Monday.

JOHN BENDER, S.

L. K. HOGARTH, C. of R.

Churches

Methodist Episcopal—Gaylord H. Patterson, Ph. D., pastor. Class Meeting, Sunday at 10 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday School at 11:45 a. m. Junior League at 4 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. General prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

Episcopal.—J. Heber McCandless, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Additional service at 8 a. m. except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

All Saint's Memorial Chapel.—East Smethport—Rev. J. Heber McCandless, Rector. Divine services every Sunday at 2:45 p. m., Sunday School 3:30 p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at 10 a. m.

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church.—Rev. P. Cosgrove, Pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each Sunday.

First Baptist Church.—P. S. Calvin, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday at 11:00 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 7:30. Ladies' Aid Society meets each Friday afternoon in the church building. Women's Missionary Circle meets the first Tuesday evening in each month. The pastor preaches in the East Smethport Chapel each Sunday afternoon at 2:30. All are invited. Seats free.

Colegrove.—Rev. W. F. Tubbs, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Clermont Church.—Rev. W. F. Tubbs, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 3 p. m.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Pennsylvania

RAILROAD

BUFFALO AND ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Time Table—Taking effect Nov. 24, 1901.

TRAINS LEAVE SMETHPORT.

Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday, 9:14 a. m.

*Buffalo Mail, daily except Sunday, 2:39 p. m.

*Train leaving Smethport 2:39 p. m. connects at Olean with Chautauqua Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont.

Train 122, week days..........10:59 a. m.

Train 126, week days..........7:07 p. m.

For Larabee, Port Allegany, Coudersport and points south:

Train 121, week days..........9:14 a. m.

Train 123, week days..........2:39 p. m.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8:18 a. m.—Train 12, week days, for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:23 p. m., New York 9:30 p. m., Baltimore 6:00 p. m., Washington 7:15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12:25 p. m.—Train 8, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:32 p.m., New York 10:23 p. m., Baltimore 7:30 p. m., Washington 8:35 p. m. Vestibuled parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

3:23 p. m.—Train 6, daily, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m., New York 8:30 a. m., Baltimore 2:30 a. m., Washington 4:05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 a. m.

10:32 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:22 a. m., New York 9:33 a. m., week days, [illegible] Sundays, Baltimore 7:22 a. m., Washington 8:30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington and passenger coaches from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12:01 a. m.—Train 14, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia [illegible] a. m., New York 9:33 a. m., week days, [illegible] Sundays, Baltimore 7:15 a. m., Washington 8:30 a. m. Vestibuled Buffet sleeping cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD

5:10 a. m.—Train 9, daily for Erie, Ridgway and weekdays DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10:20 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6:20 p. m.—Train 61, week days, for Kane and intermediate stations.

Weekdays

NORTH	STATIONS	SOUTH
A. M. Lv.		Ar. P. M.
9 40	Ridgway	12 07
9 55	Johnsonburg	11 49
10 [illegible]	Glen Hazel	11 28
10 [illegible]	Straubs	11 20
10 25	Instanter	11 16
10 [illegible]	Shawmut Run	11 10
10 38	Wooddale	11 04
10 45	Clermont	11 00
A. M.		A. M.

Connections are made with train 8, leaving Johnsonburg at 11:48 a. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at 3:50 p. m. and at Ridgway with train 206, leaving Ridgway 12:10 p. m. for DuBois, Red Bank, Pittsburg and intermediate points and train 6, leaving Ridgway at 2:00 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

[illegible] & K. RAILWAY — TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time.

IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1902.

[illegible]BOUND.

STATIONS		1	3	5	7	9	25
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
[illegible]	Lv.	7 30	10 15	1 20	4 20	6 [illegible]	
[illegible]		8 10	10 53	1 58	4 48	6 [illegible]	
[illegible]		8 13	10 57	2 02	4 52	6 [illegible]	
[illegible]		8 19	11 02	2 07	4 57	7 [illegible]	
[illegible]		8 25	11 09	2 11	5 01	7 [illegible]	
[illegible]		8 36	11 20	2 25	5 15	7 [illegible]	
[illegible]	Ar.	9 00	11 50	2 50	5 40	7 [illegible]	
[illegible]	Lv.	8 00	10 45	1 50	4 40	6 [illegible]	
[illegible]		9 05	11 50	2 57	5 47	7 [illegible]	
[illegible]	Ar.	9 30	12 25	3 35	6 25	8 [illegible]	
[illegible]	Lv.	9 50		4 30			
[illegible]		10 19		[illegible]			
[illegible]		10 41		5 30			
[illegible]		11 2[illegible]		6 17			
[illegible]		12 0[illegible]					[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]					[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]					[illegible]
[illegible]		[illegible]					[illegible]
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	

[illegible]BOUND.

STATIONS		2	4	6	8	26	10
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
[illegible]	Lv.				7 30	[illegible]	
[illegible]					8 [illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]					9 [illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]					11 15	[illegible]	
[illegible]					11 [illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]					12 15	[illegible]	
[illegible]					12 [illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]					12 45	[illegible]	
[illegible]					12 48	[illegible]	
[illegible]					1 15		
[illegible]					1 34		
[illegible]			8 15		2 15		
[illegible] June.			9 00		3 00		
[illegible]			9 29		3 25		
[illegible]	Ar.		10 00		3 57		
	Lv.	7 25	10 10	1 15	4 05		2 50
Mt. Jewett		8 04	10 49	1 54	4 43		3 2[illegible]
[illegible]		8 35	11 20	2 25	5 15		4 0[illegible]
Smethport	Ar.	9 00	11 50	2 50	5 40		
	Lv.	8 00	10 45	1 50	4 40		
[illegible]		8 44	11 30	2 35	5 24		4 [illegible]
[illegible]		8 50	11 37	2 42	5 30		4 1[illegible]
[illegible]		8 55	11 42	2 47	5 35		4 [illegible]
[illegible] June		9 00	11 48	2 53	5 40		4 29
Bradford	Ar.	9 35	12 20	3 25	6 15		5 0[illegible]
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.

Trains 9 and 10 run Sunday only.

Train 2 Daily.

Train 3 Daily except between Ormsby and Smethport on Sundays.

All other trains Daily except Sunday.

JNO. C. McKENNA, Gen. Pass. Agent.

The Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern R. R.

Time Table No. 14. Passenger Train Schedule Effective Saturday, Aug. 5, 1901.

MT. JEWETT & SMETHPORT DIV.

p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
	1.10	8.10	lv Mt. Jewett ar	8.00	12.00	
5.21	1.30	8.31	Hazelhurst	7.[illegible]	11.36	4.26
5.29	2.05	8.37	Marvindale	7.29	11.26	4.19
5.34	2.10	8.40	Kasson	7.25	11.25	4.15
5.37	2.17	8.47	Comes	7.18	11.18	4.08
				7.12		
6.05	2.30	9.14	Smethport			
				7.15	11.[illegible]	3.40
6.07	2.43	9.22	Farmers Valley	7.02	10.58	3.28
6.14	2.49	9.34	Corryville	6.56	10.5[illegible]	3.21
6.20	2.55	9.40	Larabee	6.50	10.45	3.15

SHAWMUT DIVISION.

Southward Read down			STATIONS & sidings	Northward Read up	
P.M.	A.M.			P.M.	A.M.
7.40	11.37		Clermont	5.00	8.35
7.59	11.52		Wilcendorf	5.[illegible]	8.17
8.12	12.06		Wildwood	[illegible]	8.04
8.22	12.16		North Fork	[illegible]	7.53
8.29	12.28		Bear Run	5.26	7.47
	AM				PM
8.47	12.50		St. Marys	4.50	7.25
9.07	2.40	7.38	St. Marys	11.02	6.47
	2.52	7.40	Kaul	11.00	6.45
	3.17	8.03	Paine	10.34	6.20
	3.21	8.08	Kersey	10.30	6.16
	4.00	8.46	Ellson	9.50	5.44
	4.05	8.50	Hyde	9.55	5.40
AM	AM			PM	AM
	6.03		St. Marys	6.08	
8.05	6.30		Paine	5.42	8.05
8.35	7.00		Byrne	5.10	7.30
8.40	7.05		Weedville	5.05	7.05

Close connections at St. Marys, with P. & E. R. R. for all points East and West. At Clermont, for all points on W. N. Y. & P. R'y. or their connections.

N. B.—All trains daily except Sunday.

M. S. BLAIR, General Supt., St. Marys, Pa. C. H. HAMMOND, Gen. Pass.-Agt.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY

Railroad Time Table, taking effect Monday, March 18, 1901.

Ar. Eastward.			STATIONS.	L'v Westward.		
A.M.	A.M.	P.M. Ar	Dp	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
8.05	7.05	2.10	Ulysses	7.20	2.25	9.10
7.50	6.53	2.10	Crowell	7.27	2.32	9.19
7.46	0	1.57	Carpenter	0	2.34	9.22
7.49	6.48	1.53	Perkins	7.32	2.37	9.26
7.37	6.45	1.50	New'fld Junc	7.37	2.42	9.32
0	0	1.45	Newfield	7.41	2.46	0
7.05	6.36	1.41	Gold	7.44	2.49	9.40
7.00	6.30	1.35	Raymond	7.49	2.45	9.47
6.45	6.21	1.24	Seven Bdg's	8.01	3.06	10.02
6.40	6.17	1.20	Colesburg	8.04	3.09	10.10
6.25	6.10	1.12	Frinks	8.12	3.17	10.20
6.15	0	1.05	N. Couds'pt	0	3.26	10.35
6.10	6.00	1.00 Dp.	Ar.	8.25	3.30	10.45
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Coudersport.			P.M.
4.20	7.45	12.15 Ar.	Dp.	8.28	6.00	1.25
0	0	12.13	Hammond	0	0	0
4.05	7.38	12.09	Olmsted	8.33	6.05	1.31
3.59	7.35	12.05	Mina	8.37	6.10	1.37
3.45	0	11.59	Knowlton	0	6.17	0
3.40	7.25	11.55	Roulette	8.47	6.21	1.51
3.30	7.16	11.47	Burtville	8.54	6.28	2.01
3.23	0	11.41	Coleman	0	6.34	0
3.20	0	0	Chem. Wrks	0	0	0
3.15	7.05	11.36	Pt. Allegany	9.08	6.40	2.25
P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	Dp Ar.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.

0—Trains do not stop.

Connections at Ulysses with N. Y. C. & H. R. R.; at Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R'y. and at Newfield Junction with B. & S. R. R.

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. M'CLURE, Supt.

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